PENNYRILE AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT

FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE AUDIT

June 30, 2020

PENNYRILE AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT 300 HAMMOND DRIVE HOPKINSVILLE, KENTUCKY 42240

FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE AUDIT

JUNE 30, 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Board of Directors	
Pennyrile Area Development District	1
West Kentucky Workforce Board	2
Pennyrile Housing Corporation	3
Pennyrile Development and Governmental Center	4
Independent Auditor's Report	5
Management's Discussion and Analysis	8
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Activities	15
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	16
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	18
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	19
Notes to the Financial Statements	21
	21
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	48
Schedule of Required Contributions - Pension	49

TABLE OF CONTENTS, CONTINUED

	Page
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability	50
Schedule of Required Contributions - Other Post-Employment Benefits	51
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	52
Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	55
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	57
Statement of Net Position - Between the Rivers Duplex	59
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Between the Rivers Duplex	60
Statement of Revenues and Expenditures by Program - Statutory Basis	61
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	67
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with Uniform Guidance	69
Schedule of Findings and Ouestioned Costs	72

PENNYRILE AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT BOARD OF DIRECTORS

June 30, 2020

Officers

Scott Marshall, Chair
Judge Perry Newcom, Vice Chair
Judge Hollis Alexander, Treasurer
Mayor Jan Yonts, Secretary
Jason Vincent, Executive Director

Caldwell County

Larry Curling, Judge / Executive Charles Baker, Citizen Representative Mike Cherry, Citizen Representative Dakota Young, Mayor of Princeton

Christian County

Steve Tribble, Judge / Executive Lori Harper, Citizen Representative Wendell Lynch, Mayor of Hopkinsville Rev. Buddy Slaughter, Citizen Representative Bernard Standard, Citizen Representative

Crittenden County

Perry Newcom, Judge / Executive Robert B. Frazer, Citizen Representative Adam Ledford, Mayor's Designee, City of Marion Roger Simpson, Citizen Representative

Hopkins County

Jack Whitfield, Jr., Judge / Executive Kevin Cotton, Mayor of Madisonville Chris Phelps, Mayor of Mortons Gap Jenny Sewell, Citizen Representative

Livingston County

Garrett Gruber, Judge / Executive Crissy Carter, Citizen Representative Gary Damron, Mayor of Salem William Hesser, Mayor of Smithland Terry Stringer, Citizen Representative

Lyon County

Wade White, Judge / Executive John Choat, Mayor of Eddyville Denise Sutton, Citizen Representative Lee F. Wilson, Citizen Representative

Muhlenberg County

Curtis McGehee, Judge / Executive Tony Armour, Mayor of Central City Rajiv Johar, Citizen Representative Gary Jones, Citizen Representative Jan Yonts, Mayor of Greenville

Todd County

Todd Mansfield, Judge / Executive Arthur Green, Mayor of Elkton Jo Ann Holder, Citizen Representative Scott Marshall, Citizen Representative

Trigg County

Hollis Alexander, Judge / Executive Brian Ahart, Mayor's Designee, City of Cadiz Stephanie Perry, Citizen Representative John Sumner, Citizen Representative

WEST KENTUCKY WORKFORCE BOARD BOARD OF DIRECTORS

June 30, 2020

Officers

Jackie Jones, Chair Dennis Courtney, Vice Chair Gary Jones, Secretary Phillip Bean, Treasurer

Business

Justin Puckett, Ballard County Jason Redfern, Caldwell County Dennis Courtney, Calloway County Phillip Bean, Carlisle County Jackie Jones, Christian County Tim Capps, Crittenden County Chris Pane, Fulton County Brad Youngblood, Graves County Deena Pittman, Hickman County Ben Spears, Hopkins County Crissy Carter, Livingston County Deb Domke, Lyon County Justin Nichols, Marshall County Terri Lundberg, McCracken County Gary Jones, Muhlenberg County Wayne W. Belanger, Todd County Donnie Hollard, Trigg County Laura Thomas, Pennyrile Manufacturing Sandra Richey, Pennyrile Manufacturing Sasha Grogan, Purchase Manufacturing Haleigh Feagin, Purchase Manufacturing

Government & Economic Development

Mark Manning, Econ. Dev, Purchase Dan Bozarth, Econ. Dev, Pennyrile Jason Vincent, Area Development District Jonathon Pendergrass, Career Development Off. Jason Cole, Office of Vocational Rehabilitation

Education & Training

Chris Wooldridge, Murray State University Dr. Alissa Young, Hopkinsville Community Coll. Dr. Anton Reece, West KY Community Tech Dr. Cindy Kelley, Madisonville Community Coll. Anna Larson, Adult Education

Ex Officio

Judge Todd Cooper, Purchase CLEO Judge Steve Tribble, Pennyrile CLEO

Workforce

Vacant, Labor, Pennyrile
Jim H. Key, Labor, Purchase
Kyle Henderson, Labor, Training
Vickie Hutcheson, KY Farmerworkers Program, Inc.
Jay Stone, 4-H
Becki Wells, Challenge House
Leigh Ann Jarvis, J.U. Kevil
Tim Herring, Veterans Affairs

PENNYRILE HOUSING CORPORATION BOARD OF DIRECTORS

June 30, 2020

Officers

Heath Duncan, Chairman

<u>Caldwell County</u> <u>Lyon County</u>

Gale Cherry, Director Wade White, Director/Judge Executive

Larry Curling, Director/Judge Executive Gerald Board, Director

Christian CountyMuhlenberg CountyShirley Carter, DirectorGary Jones, Director

Gertrude Bullock, Director

<u>Crittenden County</u> <u>Todd County</u>

Todd Perryman, Director Todd Mansfield, Director/Judge Executive

Darrin Tabor, Director

Hopkins County Trigg County

Heath Duncan, Director Hollis Alexander, Director/Judge Executive

Lucy Miller, Director

Livingston County

Randell O'Bryan, Director Barkley Gaines, Director

PENNYRILE DEVELOPMENT AND GOVERNMENTAL CENTER BOARD OF DIRECTORS

June 30, 2020

Officers

David Shore, Chair Eddie DeArmond, Vice Chair Rich Liebe, Secretary / Treasurer

Caldwell County

Sherman Chaudoin

Christian County

Rich Liebe

Muhlenberg County

Eddie DeArmond

Todd County

John Walton

Trigg County

David Shore



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Pennyrile Area Development District Hopkinsville, Kentucky

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, and each major fund of the Pennyrile Area Development District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Pennyrile Area Development District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, and each

To the Board of Directors Pennyrile Area Development District January 6, 2021 Page 2 of 3

major fund of the Pennyrile Area Development District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 8 – 13 as well as the Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability, Schedule of Required Contributions – Pension, Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability, Schedule of Required Contributions – Other Post-Employment Benefits, and the notes to the required supplementary information on pages 48 – 53 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statement in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Pennyrile Area Development District's basic financial statements. The Statement of Net Position – Between the Rivers Duplex, Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Between the Rivers Duplex, and the Statement of Revenues and Expenditures by Program – Statutory Basis on pages 59 – 66 and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards with the Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards on pages 55 – 58, as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

To the Board of Directors Pennyrile Area Development District January 6, 2021 Page 3 of 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 6, 2021, on our consideration of the Pennyrile Area Development District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Pennyrile Area Development District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Pennyrile Area Development District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Calloun & Company
Hopkinsville, Kentucky
January 6, 2021



Pennyrile Area Development District

a regional planning and development agency

300 Hammond Drive, Hopkinsville, KY 42240

voice (270) 886-9484

fax (270) 886-3211

www.peadd.org

email peadd@peadd.org

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

The Pennyrile Area Development District ("District") offers this Management's Discussion and Analysis to provide an overview and analysis of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. To fully understand the entire scope of the District's financial activities, this information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements provided in this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The liabilities and net position of the District exceeded its assets by \$1,709,460 at June 30, 2020.
- The District's total net position decreased by \$80,111 during the year.
- The Fund Balance, a measure of current financial resources, decreased in the governmental funds by \$217,120 to a fund balance of \$2,788,782 at June 30, 2020. As contract amounts vary from year to year, some of the excess revenues over expenditures have been set aside for administration of future projects. Programs with excess revenues to be used in upcoming fiscal years are listed as follows:
 - o Participant Directed Service Programs \$171,733
 - o Relending Programs \$9,535

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information and supplementary information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all District assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Monitoring increases and / or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving, deteriorating, or stagnating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported similar to the approach used by a commercial enterprise in that revenues and expenses are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Although the Statement of Activities looks different from a commercial enterprise's income statement, the financial statement is different only in format, not substance. Whereas the bottom line in a commercial enterprise is its net income, the District reports an amount described as *change in net position* that is essentially the same thing.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14 - 15 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The focus of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of a governmental entity rather than the entity as a whole. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be categorized into one broad category: governmental funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements, however, governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations by using a modified accrual accounting method, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. Governmental fund information is useful in determining whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's activities.

The District maintains three individual governmental funds, all of which are considered major funds by the District. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for each fund. The funds are as follows:

- General Fund This fund is used to account for all financial transactions not reported in another fund.
- Special Revenue Fund This fund includes all grant programs and services operated by the District that are restricted for a specific purpose.
- Pennyrile Development and Governmental Center Fund This fund was put into place to account for the building facilities for the District.

The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those of the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each governmental fund statement.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16 –20 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

These notes provide additional information crucial to understanding data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. Notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 21 - 46 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to basic financial statements and accompanying notes, GASB 34 requires budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund that has a legally adopted budget. The District is under no legal requirements to adopt budgets and this information has not been presented.

Required supplementary information and notes to the required supplementary information can be found on pages 48 - 53 of this report.

Supplementary Information

Supplementary information that is not a required part of the basic financial statements can be found on pages 55-66 of this report.

OVERVIEW OF THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. The District's liabilities and deferred inflows exceeded assets and deferred outflows by \$1,709,460 at June 30, 2020. The District's Net Investment in Capital Assets reflects its investment in capital assets less outstanding related debt used to acquire those assets. These assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's capital investment is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The following table provides a summary of the District's net assets at June 30:

Pennyrile Area Development District Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Component U	Jnit Activities	Total	
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020
Assets						
Current and Other Assets	\$ 4,585,459	4,642,701	\$ 357,632	\$ 378,186	\$ 4,943,091	\$ 5,020,887
Capital Assets	736,574	734,876	332,832	3,186	1,069,406	738,062
Total Assets	5,322,033	5,377,577	690,464	381,372	6,012,497	5,758,949
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred Pension Outflows	879,588	925,244	-	-	879,588	925,244
Deferred OPEB Outflows	374,146	442,740	-	-	374,146	442,740
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,253,734	1,367,984			1,253,734	1,367,984
Liabilities						
Current and Other Liabilities	675,313	838,851	291,759	323,656	967,072	1,162,507
Net Pension Liabilities	4,529,786	4,724,096	-	-	4,529,786	4,724,096
Net OPEB Liabilities	1,320,496	1,152,058	-	-	1,320,496	1,152,058
Long-Term Liabilities	1,116,755	638,916	494,638	96,449	1,611,393	735,365
Total Liabilities	7,642,350	7,353,921	786,397	420,105	8,428,747	7,774,026
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred Revenue	26,216	174,498	7,637	6,637	33,853	181,135
Deferred Pension Inflows	165,932	362,285	-	-	165,932	362,285
Deferred OPEB Inflows	266,983	518,947			266,983	518,947
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	459,131	1,055,730	7,637	6,637	466,768	1,062,367
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	251,574	269,876	(85,725)	3,186	165,849	273,062
Restricted:						
Revolving Loan Fund	649,157	651,345	-	-	649,157	651,345
Intermediary Relending Program	664,228	671,577	-	-	664,228	671,577
Unrestricted	(3,090,673)	(3,256,888)	(17,845)	(48,556)	(3,108,518)	(3,305,444)
Total Net Position	\$ (1,525,714)	\$ (1,664,090)	\$ (103,570)	\$ (45,370)	\$ (1,629,284)	\$ (1,709,460)

At the end of the fiscal year, the District is able to report positive balances in the Net Investment in Capital Assets and Restricted Net Position for governmental activities. The component unit has a negative total net position balance.

Pennyrile Area Development District Changes in Net Position

	Government	tal Activities	Component Unit Activities		
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	
Revenues					
Program Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$ 341,458	\$ 293,919	\$ 49,438	\$ 9,573	
Operating Grants and Contributions	6,746,266	8,041,251	3,782,064	4,213,077	
Capital Grants and Contributions	-	-	-	-	
General Revenues					
Annual Assessments	66,191	98,697	-	-	
Interest Earned	43,292	21,690	984	78	
Other Revenues	59,368	21,149		163,690	
Total Revenues	7,256,575	8,476,706	3,832,486	4,386,418	
Expenses					
General Government	497,444	404,767	-	-	
Community / Economic Development	1,375,079	1,096,595	-	-	
Transportation Services	118,779	112,019	-	-	
Aging and Independent Living Services	5,512,863	6,929,371	-	-	
Revolving Loan Fund	8,394	10,133	=	-	
Intermediary Relending Program	5,387	10,922	=	-	
Pennyrile Development & Gov't Center	50,998	28,052	=	-	
Pennyrile Housing Corporation	-	-	70,836	119,570	
West Kentucky Workforce Board	-	-	3,779,555	4,206,239	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	22,664	23,156	10,215	2,411	
Total Expenses	7,591,608	8,615,015	3,860,606	4,328,220	
Change in Net Position	(335,033)	(138,309)	(28,120)	58,198	
Net Position - Beginning	(1,190,686)	(1,525,714)	(75,445)	(103,570)	
Reclassifications / Adjustment	5	(67)	(5)	2	
Net Position - Beginning, as Restated	(1,190,681)	(1,525,781)	(75,450)	(103,568)	
Net Position - Ending	\$ (1,525,714)	\$ (1,664,090)	\$ (103,570)	\$ (45,370)	
1 100 I OSTAON - LAIGHING	Ψ (1,525,714)	ψ (1,00 i,070)	ψ (103,570)	ψ (15,570)	

Changes in Net Position – Governmental Activities. The District's governmental activities decreased net position by \$138,309 in the fiscal year 2020. Key elements of the increase are as follows:

Total revenues were \$8,476,706, an increase of 17% over the prior year. Of this, program revenues represent 98% of total revenues. Major sources of program revenues include various community support funding and grants. General revenues represent 2% of total revenues. Major sources of general revenues include annual assessments and interest income.

Total expenditures were \$8,615,015, an increase of 13% from the previous year. Of this, the major functions include aging services and community and economic development services. Together they comprise 93% of the total program expenditures.

Changes in Net Position – Component Units. The District's two component units, 1) Pennyrile Housing Corporation (PHC) and 2) West Kentucky Workforce Board (WKWB) are discretely presented within the government-wide financial statements.

1. The PHC's total revenues were \$180,179, an increase of 240% from the prior year. Of this, program revenues represent 10% of total revenues. Charges for services and operating grants and contributions are the major sources of program revenue. General revenues represent 90% of total revenue. Major sources of general revenue include the gain on sale of the Between the Rivers Apartments.

Expenditures totaled \$121,981, an increase of 50% from the previous year.

2. The WKWB's total revenues were \$4,206,239, an increase of 11% from the prior year. The WKWB did not have any general revenues during the 2020 or 2019 fiscal years.

Expenditures totaled \$4,206,239, an increase of 11% from the previous year.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The District's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2020 is \$738,062 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, equipment and construction in progress.

Pennyrile Area Development District Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	Governmental Activities		Component	Unit Activities	Total		
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	
Land	\$ 9,988	\$ 9,988	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,988	\$ 9,988	
Buildings and Improvements	1,391,131	1,391,131	647,518	-	2,038,649	1,391,131	
Office Furniture and Equipment	235,727	235,727	22,539	21,636	258,266	257,363	
Computers and Equipment	223,969	209,961	215,780	87,932	439,749	297,893	
Vehicles	103,753	106,484	-	-	103,753	106,484	
Construction in Progress	-	-	3,186	3,186	3,186	3,186	
	1,964,568	1,953,291	889,023	112,754	2,853,591	2,066,045	
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(1,227,994)	(1,218,415)	(556,191)	(109,568)	(1,784,185)	(1,327,983)	
Total Net Capital Assets	\$ 736,574	\$ 734,876	\$ 332,832	\$ 3,186	\$ 1,069,406	\$ 738,062	

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 3 of this report.

LONG TERM DEBT

At year-end, the District had \$465,000 in outstanding notes and program debt, compared to \$1,052,070 at June 30, 2019. The PHC had \$96,448 in outstanding notes and program debt, compared to \$536,478 at June 30, 2019.

The Pennyrile Development and Governmental Center had \$465,000 in outstanding notes at June 30, 2020 compared to \$485,000 at June 30, 2019.

During the year, \$20,000 was paid to reduce the debt outstanding related to the building addition, \$567,070 was paid to reduce re-lending program debts, and \$3,366 was paid and \$400,000 of the sale proceeds were used to reduce the loan for the PHC apartment duplex located in Grand Rivers, Kentucky. The remaining \$15,189 was written off by Kentucky Housing Corporation for the PHC apartment duplex with the sale of the duplex.

The Pennyrile Housing Corporation's payments to the Kentucky Housing Corporation for the Nonprofit Housing Production loans were \$21,474. These loans are drawn down periodically as the money is needed for various

housing projects. There were no borrowings during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 4 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

During the 2020 fiscal year, the District completed its 51st year of providing leadership on regional issues. The District is actively involved and partnering with other agencies to provide regional planning, review and technical services in areas of public administration, social services, economic development, workforce development and transportation to the local Pennyrile communities in Caldwell, Christian, Crittenden, Hopkins, Livingston, Lyon, Muhlenberg, Todd and Trigg counties.

The District has benefited from increased federal and state funding to address issues stemming from the COVID-19 pandemic. However, we believe Congress and the State Legislator will look for areas to reduce future discretionary spending to pay for COVID-19 related programs. In addition, specifically at the State level, future budgets will have to absorb substantial liabilities in the area of pension, healthcare, and continued investment in much needed infrastructure. The District is engaged with Legislative and Cabinet level leaders in order to monitor potential shortfalls impacting programs operated by the District. Management continues to make every effort to minimize any negative impact on future operations.

The Pennyrile Area Development District serves as the Sub-Grant Recipient/Fiscal Agent for the West Kentucky Workforce Board (WKWB). The WKWB's allocation funding is partially based on the employment/economic status of the Pennyrile and Purchase regions (totally 17 counties). As major unemployment events may occur, the WKWB receives additional grant dollars to provide services to dislocated workers beyond these allocations. The WKWB has normally participated in several federal direct funded US Department of Labor grants for special services, but funding availability for these programs are also being reduced with limited funds now being offered in competitive solicitations.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Pennyrile Area Development District for all those with an interest in the finances. Questions or requests for additional information may be addressed to Jason Vincent, Executive Director, Pennyrile Area Development District or Sheila Clark, Director, West Kentucky Workforce Board, 300 Hammond Drive, Hopkinsville, Kentucky, 42240.

Respectfully Submitted,

Jason Vincent, Executive Director

PENNYRILE AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT, INC. STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

Cash and Cash Equivalents		Pennyrile Area Development District	Pennyrile Housing Corporation	West Kentucky Workforce Board	
Program Receivables 1,747,356 19,394 452,913 Receivables Due (to) from Component Units 153,517 (25,696) (131,130 (Assets				
Notes Receivable, Due Within One Year 152,428 14,409 1-	Program Receivables Receivables Due (to) from Component Units	1,747,356 153,517	19,394	\$ 1,708 452,913 (131,130)	
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Outflows - Pensions 925,244 - - -	Notes Receivable, Due Within One Year Notes Receivable, Due in More Than One Year Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	708,097 724,888	31,804	- - - -	
Deferred Outflows - Pensions 925,244 - - -	Total Assets	5,377,577	57,881	323,491	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Accounts Payable		·			
Accounts Payable 603,073 165 319,786 Grants Payable 13,221 - - Other Current Liabilities 202,557 - 3,705 Non-Current Liabilities - - - Accrued Annual Leave 193,916 - - - Net Pension Liability 4,724,096 - - - Net Other Post Employment Benefits Liability 1,129,466 - - - Long-term Liabilities Related to OPEB's Implicit Subsid 22,592 - - - Due Within One Year 20,000 20,237 - - Due in More Than One Year 445,000 76,212 - Total Liabilities 7,353,921 96,614 323,491 Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Revenue 174,498 6,637 - Deferred Inflows - Other Post Employment Benefits 518,947 - - Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 1,055,730 6,637 - Net Position <t< td=""><td>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</td><td>1,367,984</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,367,984			
Grants Payable 13,221 - - - - - - - 3,705 Non-Current Liabilities - - 3,705 - 3,705 Non-Current Liabilities -	Liabilities				
Non-Current Liabilities	Grants Payable	13,221	165	319,786	
Net Pension Liability 4,724,096 - - Net Other Post Employment Benefits Liability 1,129,466 - - Long-term Liabilities Related to OPEB's Implicit Subsid 22,592 - - Due Within One Year 20,000 20,237 - Due in More Than One Year 445,000 76,212 - Total Liabilities 7,353,921 96,614 323,491 Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Revenue Deferred Inflows - Pensions 362,285 - - Deferred Inflows - Other Post Employment Benefits 518,947 - - Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 1,055,730 6,637 - Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets 269,876 3,186 - Restricted: - - - Revolving Loan Fund 651,345 - - Intermediary Relending Program 671,577 - - Unrestricted (3,256,888) (48,556) -	Non-Current Liabilities	•	- -	3,705	
Due Within One Year 20,000 20,237 - Due in More Than One Year 445,000 76,212 - Total Liabilities 7,353,921 96,614 323,491 Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Revenue 174,498 6,637 - Deferred Inflows - Pensions 362,285 - - Deferred Inflows - Other Post Employment Benefits 518,947 - - Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 1,055,730 6,637 - Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets 269,876 3,186 - Restricted: - - - Revolving Loan Fund 651,345 - - Intermediary Relending Program 671,577 - - Unrestricted (3,256,888) (48,556) -	Net Pension Liability Net Other Post Employment Benefits Liability	4,724,096 1,129,466	- -	- -	
Total Liabilities 7,353,921 96,614 323,491 Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Revenue 174,498 6,637 - Deferred Inflows - Pensions 362,285 - - Deferred Inflows - Other Post Employment Benefits 518,947 - - Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 1,055,730 6,637 - Net Position 269,876 3,186 - Restricted: 8 269,876 3,186 - Revolving Loan Fund Intermediary Relending Program 651,345 - - Unrestricted (3,256,888) (48,556) -	Due Within One Year	20,000	•	-	
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Revenue 174,498 6,637 - Deferred Inflows - Pensions 362,285 - - Deferred Inflows - Other Post Employment Benefits 518,947 - - Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 1,055,730 6,637 - Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets 269,876 3,186 - Restricted: - - - Revolving Loan Fund 651,345 - - Intermediary Relending Program 671,577 - - Unrestricted (3,256,888) (48,556) -	Due in More Than One Year	445,000	76,212	-	
Unavailable Revenue 174,498 6,637 - Deferred Inflows - Pensions 362,285 - - Deferred Inflows - Other Post Employment Benefits 518,947 - - Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 1,055,730 6,637 - Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets 269,876 3,186 - Restricted: - - - Revolving Loan Fund 651,345 - - Intermediary Relending Program 671,577 - - Unrestricted (3,256,888) (48,556) -	Total Liabilities	7,353,921	96,614	323,491	
Deferred Inflows - Pensions 362,285 - - - Deferred Inflows - Other Post Employment Benefits 518,947 - - Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 1,055,730 6,637 - Net Position	Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets 269,876 3,186 - Restricted: - - - Revolving Loan Fund 651,345 - - Intermediary Relending Program 671,577 - - Unrestricted (3,256,888) (48,556) -	Deferred Inflows - Pensions	362,285	6,637	- - -	
Net Investment in Capital Assets 269,876 3,186 - Restricted: -	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,055,730	6,637		
Restricted: Revolving Loan Fund 651,345 - - Intermediary Relending Program 671,577 - - Unrestricted (3,256,888) (48,556) -	Net Position				
Intermediary Relending Program 671,577 - - Unrestricted (3,256,888) (48,556) -		269,876	3,186	-	
	Intermediary Relending Program	671,577	- (48,556)	- -	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Total Net Position	\$ (1,664,090)	\$ (45,370)	\$ -	

PENNYRILE AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT, INC. STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Functions / Programs	Direct Expenses	Shared Costs Allocation	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Primary Government Governmental Activities	Component Units
Primary Government							
Governmental Activities General Government Community / Economic Development Transportation Services Aging and Independent Living Services Revolving Loan Fund Intermediary Relending Program Pennyrile Development & Gov't Center	\$ 404,372 949,415 82,147 6,609,805 9,278 8,030 28,052	\$ 395 147,180 29,872 319,566 855 2,892	\$ 3,140 216,662 720 11,919 11,591 49,887	\$ (39,903) 874,964 112,018 7,094,172	\$ - - - - -	\$ (441,530) (4,969) (1) 165,521 1,786 669 21,835	\$ - - - - - -
Interest on Long-Term Debt Total Governmental Activities Total Primary Government	23,156 8,114,255 \$ 8,114,255	500,760 \$ 500,760	293,919 \$ 293,919	8,041,251 \$ 8,041,251	- - \$ -	(23,156) (279,845) (279,845)	
Component Units	ψ 0,111,200	ψ 200,700	Ψ 253,515	ψ 0,011,221	Ψ	(277,010)	
Pennyrile Housing Corporation West Kentucky Workforce Board Interest on Long-Term Debt	116,595 3,859,436 2,411	2,975 346,803	9,573	6,838 4,206,239	\$ - - -	- - -	(103,159) - (2,411)
Total Component Units	\$ 3,978,442	\$ 349,778	\$ 9,573	\$ 4,213,077	\$ -	-	(105,570)
			General Rever Annual Asses Interest Earns Other Revens Total Gene Change in Net Net Position - I Reclassification	ssments ed ues eral Revenues Position Beginning		98,697 21,690 21,149 141,536 (138,309) (1,525,714) (67)	78 163,690 163,768 58,198 (103,570) 2
			Net Position -	Ending		\$ (1,664,090)	\$ (45,370)

PENNYRILE AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT, INC. BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

		General Fund	Special I Revenue Fund		Pennyrile Development & Governmental Center		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents Program Receivables Due from Component Units Other Current Assets	\$	898,723 20,791 110,942 1,445	\$	934,498 1,726,565 146,880 3,573	\$	43,064	\$	1,876,285 1,747,356 257,822 5,018
Total Assets	\$	1,031,901	\$	2,811,516	\$	43,064	\$	3,886,481
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources	and	Fund Balance	es					
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable	\$	38,685	\$	564,063	\$	325	\$	603,073
Grants Payable		_		13,221		_		13,221
Due to Component Units				-		104,305		104,305
Other Current Liabilities		1,103		201,454		-		202,557
Total Liabilities		39,788		778,738		104,630		923,156
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Deferred Revenue		8,789		165,709		-		174,498
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		8,789		165,709		-		174,498
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable: Long-term Notes Receivable Restricted:		-		860,525		-		860,525
Revolving Loan Fund		_		651,345		-		651,345
Intermediary Relending Program		_		671,577		-		671,577
Assigned:				,				,
Accrued Annual Leave		193,916		_		-		193,916
Unassigned		789,408		(316,378)		(61,566)		411,464
Total Fund Balances		983,324		1,867,069		(61,566)		2,788,827
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows								
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	1,031,901	\$	2,811,516	\$	43,064	\$	3,886,481

PENNYRILE AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT, INC. RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 2,788,827
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because (See Note 1):	
Long-term receivables are not due and receivable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	860,525
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the governmental funds. More specifically, non-depreciable and depreciable assets are reported on the Statement of Net Position.	734,876
Some deferred outflows are not due and receivable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Other Post Employment Benefits	925,244 442,740
Some liabilities, including net pension obligations are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.	
Accrued Annual Leave Notes Payable Net Pension Liability Net Other Post Employment Benefits Liability Long-term Liabilities Related to OPEB's Implicit Subsidy	(193,916) (465,000) (4,724,096) (1,129,466) (22,592)
Some deferred inflows are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Other Post Employment Benefits	(362,285) (518,947)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (1,664,090)

PENNYRILE AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT, INC. STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Pennyrile Development & Governmental Center	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues		Tunu	Center	Tunus
Charges for Services Rent	\$ 219,802	\$ 24,230	\$ - 49,887	\$ 244,032 49,887
Grants Annual Assessments Interest Income	(39,903) 98,697 12,418	8,081,154 - 8,828	- - 444	8,041,251 98,697
Other Revenues	11,256	5,793	- <u>- </u>	21,690 17,049
Total Revenues	302,270	8,120,005	50,331	8,472,606
Expenditures				
Current				
General Government Community / Economic Development	52,214 210,721	875,231	3,137	55,351 1,085,952
Transportation Services Aging and Independent Living Services	-	112,275 6,903,113	-	112,275 6,903,113
Revolving Loan Fund Intermediary Relending Program	-	9,975 10,337	-	9,975 10,337
Debt Service Principal	-	567,070	20,000	587,070
Interest and Other Charges Capital Outlays	87,102	1,321	21,835	23,156 87,102
Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	350,037	8,479,322	44,972	8,874,331
Over (Under) Expenditures	(47,767)	(359,317)	5,359	(401,725)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets Payments on Notes Receivable Issuance of Loan	29,100	- 116,810 -	- - -	29,100 116,810
Transfers Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	29,100	116,810		145,910
Net Change in Fund Balances	(18,667)	(242,507)	5,359	(255,815)
Fund Balances - Beginning Transfers - Component Units	963,251 38,740	2,109,576	(66,925)	3,005,902 38,740
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 983,324	\$ 1,867,069	\$ (61,566)	\$ 2,788,827

PENNYRILE AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT, INC. RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ (255,815)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are difference because:

Governmental funds report loans issued as other financing uses and payments received as sources. However, in the Statement of Activities, the loan expenditure is recorded as a note receivable and the payments as a reduction of the receivable.

New Loan Issued	\$ -	
Less: Payments Received	 (116,810)	
	\$ (116,810)	(116,810)

In the statement of activities, only the *gain* on the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the book value of the assets sold.

Gain on Sale	\$ 4,100	
Less: Proceeds from Sale	 29,100	
	\$ (25,000)	(25,000)

Governmental funds report pension contributions made during the year as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.

District Pension Contributions	\$ 341,676	
Cost of Benefits Earned Net of Employee Contributions	 (686,683)	
	\$ (345,007)	(345,007)

Governmental funds report other post employment benefit contributions made during the year as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of other post employment benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.

District Other Post Employment Benefit Contributions	\$ 84,268	
Cost of Benefits Earned Net of Employee Contributions	 (99,200)	
	\$ (14,932)	(14,932)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. More specifically, this is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.

Fixed Assets Purchased	\$ 87,102	
Less: Depreciation	(39,252)	
To Reconciliation	\$ 47,850	47,850

PENNYRILE AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT, INC. RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Bond and note proceeds provide financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. More specifically, this represents the net amount of principal (increases) decreases in debt service made during the year.

New Debt Incurred	\$ -	
Retired Debt	587,070	
Net Debt Service	\$ 587,070	587,070

In the Statement of Activities, the accrued annual leave earned during the current fiscal year is expensed. However, the governmental funds will show only the amount actually taken during the year. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the net of the amount taken and the amount earned.

(15,665)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ (138,309)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Pennyrile Area Development District (the "District") have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to government units (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

a. The Reporting Entity

The Pennyrile Area Development District (the District) was established under the laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky by KRS 147A.050(4). The Attorney General in OAG 78-534 held that Area Development Districts are political subdivisions of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. As an Area Development District, the District entered into various agreements, memoranda of agreements and contracts, all of which are subject to the financial management of the District. The District operates under a Board of Directors comprised of a minimum of fifty-one percent elected officials. The County Judge / Executive, at least one mayor and a citizen director from each of the nine counties serve on the Board.

Generally accepted accounting principles require government financial statements to include the primary government and its component units. Component units of a governmental entity are legally separate entities for which the primary government is considered to be financially accountable and for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the combined financial statements to be misleading. The primary government is considered to be financially accountable if it appoints a majority of an organization's governing body and is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. Based on the application of the criteria set forth by the GASB, the District has determined that there are agencies or entities that should be presented as either discretely presented or blended component units.

Discretely presented component units:

Pennyrile Housing Corporation (PHC) was established to assist low- and moderate-income families to secure affordable housing.

West Kentucky Workforce Board (WKWB) was established after the implementation of the Workforce Investment Act (WIA) / Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) under the U.S. Department of Labor. The WKWB supports new business / expansion and assists in the retention of a well-trained workforce in the Western Kentucky region.

Neither PHC nor WKWB issue separate financial statements. The District provides personnel and facilities to PHC and WKWB and is reimbursed by the component units for such services. Salary expenditures are directly expensed. All other shared costs are expensed according to the shared cost plan.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

a. The Reporting Entity, Continued

Blended component unit:

The *Pennyrile Development and Governmental Center* (PDGC) is considered to be a blended component unit. As such, the activities of the PDGC have been included with the governmental activities of the District. The PDGC was established to provide building facilities for the District.

b. Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

c. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

i. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District, the primary government, as a whole. These statements distinguish between activities that are governmental and those that are component unit activities. All of the District's activities are governmental and thus the statements reflect no business-type activities.

These statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, including capital assets and long-term liabilities, as applicable, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of cash flows. The types of transactions reported as program revenues for the District are reported in three categories: charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions. Other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Gains on the sale of capital assets are reported as general revenues; losses on the sale of capital assets are reported as function / program expenses. The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

c. Basis of Accounting / Measurement Focus, Continued

ii. Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented, if applicable. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

- Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures / expenses of that individual governmental
 fund are at least ten percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type;
 and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures / expenses of the individual governmental fund are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds combined.

The District has the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the primary operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds. Any unassigned balances are considered as resources available for use.

The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances may be returned to the grantor at the close of the specified project period, as well as state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report.

The *Pennyrile Development & Governmental Center* is used to account for the activities of the building facilities. This is a blended component unit.

Governmental fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and non-major funds aggregated. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in fund balances and changes in fund balances as presented in these statements to the net position and changes in net position presented in the Government-Wide financial statements. The District has presented all major funds that meet those qualifications.

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Accordingly, only current assets, current deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities, and current deferred inflows of resources are included on the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

c. Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus, Continued

ii. Fund Financial Statements, Continued

financing uses) in net current assets. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become available and measurable. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due.

d. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

e. Interfund Transfers

Transfers are used to reimburse the General Fund for costs incurred to support Special Revenue Fund activity, and to reclassify as Unassigned in the General Fund equity which has been released from restricted due to satisfaction of program requirements. Any interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources / uses in the governmental funds. Short-term amounts owed between funds are classified as "Due to / from Component Units".

f. Cash and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments. Short-term investments are those investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less.

Kentucky Revised Statute 66.480 permits the District to invest in U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. Agency Obligations, certain Federal instruments, repurchase agreements, commercial banks' certificates of deposit, savings and loan deposits and the Commonwealth of Kentucky investment pool. As security for deposits of the District, any bank doing such business is required to pledge securities in an amount to exceed funds on deposit by the District. In addition, the District is insured by FDIC for up to \$250,000 (\$500,000 for funds under the District's EIN and PHC's EIN since they are public funds) with their bank.

g. Capital Assets

Government-Wide Statements: In the government-wide statements, land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles are accounted for as capital assets in the applicable governmental or component unit activity column. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The District has established a policy of capitalizing assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000, and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

g. Capital Assets, Continued

Capital assets of the District, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements

Vehicles

Office Furniture and Fixtures

Computers and Equipment

7 - 31.5 Years

3 Years

5 - 15 Years

3 - 7 Years

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Land and construction in progress are not depreciated.

The District elects to use the Basic Approach as defined by Statement No. 34 for their capital asset reporting.

Fund Financial Statements: In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

h. Notes Receivable

Notes receivable are stated at the outstanding principal amount net of allowance for uncollectible notes. Management determines the allowance for uncollectible notes based on review of outstanding receivables, historical collection information and existing economic conditions. Outstanding notes accrue interest based on the terms of the respective note agreements and are collateralized by promissory notes and security agreements. Management determines when a note receivable is considered delinquent. Delinquent notes are written off based on individual credit evaluation and specific circumstances of the borrower. While management determined that no allowance for uncollectible notes receivable was necessary at June 30, 2020, there was one note receivable that was delinquent. The District is in the process of foreclosing on the personal assets of the business owners. The potential loss on the foreclosure is probable, but the amount of the loss cannot be reasonably estimated.

i. Compensated Absences

All full-time employees are entitled to annual leave at the rate of one to five years of service, twelve days per year; six to ten years of service, fifteen days per year; eleven to fifteen years of service, eighteen days per year; sixteen to twenty years of service, twenty-one days per year; and twenty-one or more years of service, twenty-four days per year. Annual leave accrues from the anniversary date of hire on a pro-rated basis. Accrued annual leave is limited to forty days on February 1st of each year. An employee who resigns will be paid for all accumulated annual leave, up to the legal maximum they are permitted to carry over from year to year, provided the employee gives at least fourteen calendar days written notice of their final workday.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

i. Compensated Absences, Continued

Accumulated unpaid annual leave amounts are accrued when incurred in the governmental funds if significant at year-end. At June 30, 2020, these liabilities included \$193,916 in annual leave pay.

j. Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Financial Position and Balance Sheet may report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense / expenditure) until that time. As of June 30, 2020, the District has \$925,244 that relates to pensions as required by GASB Statement No. 68 and \$442,740 that relates to other post-employment benefits as required by GASB Statement No. 75 in deferred outflows of resources.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Financial Position and Balance Sheet may report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has \$181,135 in deferred inflows of resources for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 that relates to funds received that relate to a future time period. Additionally, as of June 30, 2020, the District also has \$362,285 related to pensions as required by GASB Statement No. 68 and \$518,947 related to other post-employment benefits as required by GASB Statement No. 75 in deferred inflows of resources.

k. Payables and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In the governmental fund financial statements, payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are recognized as a liability when due. Only that portion expected to be financed from expendable, available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund.

l. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System in the Kentucky Retirement System (KRS) and additions to / deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the KRS. For this purpose, benefits (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefits terms of the County Employees Retirement System. Investments are reported as fair value.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

m. Government-Wide Net Position

Government-wide net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is displayed in three components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt – consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and is reduced by any outstanding debt that was used to finance those assets plus deferred outflows of resources less deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

Restricted Net Position – consists of net assets that have a third-party (statutory or granting agency) limitation on their use. The District uses restricted assets first, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively defer the use until a future project. The District has a restricted net position in the Revolving Loan Fund, Intermediary Relending Program in the amounts of \$651,345, and \$671,577, respectively.

Unrestricted Net Position — consists of all other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt". The Board of Directors has the authority to revisit or alter this designation. As of June 30, 2020, the District had a deficit unrestricted net position in the amount of (\$3,256,888). This deficit is due mostly to compliance with GASB Statement No. 68 and GASB Statement No. 75 in recording the deferred outflows of resources, net liabilities associated with pensions and other post-employment benefits, and deferred inflows of resources. The net deficit amount related to these transactions is (\$5,876,154).

n. Governmental Fund Equity

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance and is displayed in five components:

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, \$860,525 related to the long-term notes receivable for the Revolving Loan Fund and Intermediary Relending Program is nonspendable.

Restricted – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of state or federal laws or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, \$651,345 has been grantor restricted for the Revolving Loan Fund and \$671,577 has been grantor restricted for the Intermediary Relending Program.

Committed – amounts that can only be spent for specific purposes determined by the District's Board of Directors through formal action.

Assigned – amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted nor committed. The amounts may be assigned by the Board or management. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, \$193,916 has been assigned for future use related to compensated absences.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

n. Governmental Fund Equity, Continued

Unassigned – all other amounts not included in other spendable classifications. As of June 30, 2020, Pennyrile Development & Governmental Center had a deficit fund balance in the amount of (\$61,566) and the Special Revenue Fund had a deficit fund balance in the amount of (\$316,378).

o. Prioritization and Use of Available Resources

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Furthermore, committed fund balances are reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

p. Non-exchange Transactions

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, donations and other gifts. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, and, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must be available before it can be recognized.

q. Cost Allocation Plan

The District is required by the Department of Local Government to operate under a cost allocation plan that conforms with 2 CFR Part 225. A summary of the cost allocation plan begins in Note 8. The District is in conformity with 2 CFR Part 225.

r. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received upon sale of an asset or paid upon transfer of a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date and the principal or most advantageous market for that asset or liability.

The fair value should be calculated based on assumptions that market participants would use on pricing the asset or liability, not on assumptions specific to the entity.

Cash and cash equivalents, certificates of deposit, receivables, other current assets, other non-current assets, accounts and grant payables, other current liabilities, and non-current liabilities – The carrying amounts reported in the balance sheets for these items are a reasonable estimate of the fair value.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

s. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated by management through the date of the independent auditor's report, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Material subsequent events, if any, are disclosed in a separate footnote to these financial statements.

t. Related Company Transactions

The District handles transfers between the primary government and component units as revenues when received and expenses when paid. Short-term amounts owed between units are classified as "Due (to) from Component Units". Outside of related-party transactions between the primary government and the component units, there are no material related party transactions that require disclosure.

u. Budgetary Information

The District is not required to adopt a legally binding budget for its various funds. The District follows the general practice of adopting program budgets; however, any combining of such budgets to present a comparison of the District's overall operations would not be meaningful and would be unduly complex.

The WKWB is required to adopt a legally binding contract budget.

v. Concentrations

The District operates in a heavily regulated environment and approximately 78% of its revenues are derived from federal and state funds.

2. Deposits and Investments

State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be fully collateralized by U.S. Government obligations or its agencies and instrumentalities or direct obligations of Kentucky or its agencies and instrumentalities that have a market value of not less than the principal amount of deposits. The District's deposits, including certificates of deposit, were insured or collateralized as required by State statutes at their highest daily balance during the fiscal year.

The District is exposed to custodial credit risk at various points throughout the year. The District's deposits not covered by depository insurance are collateralized by pledged securities held by the financial institution.

2. Deposits and Investments, Continued

As of the high cash day for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the amount of deposits collateralized by depository insurance and pledged securities is as follows:

	Bank	D	Depository Ple		Pledged	(Over) / Under	
	Balance	<u>I</u> 1	nsurance		Securities	Co	llateralized
Governmental Activities	\$ 2,410,371	\$	500,000	\$	2,900,000	\$	(989,629)
Blended Component Unit - PDGC	\$ 49,164	\$	250,000	\$	-	\$	(200,836)
Component Unit - PHC	\$ 79,871	\$	500,000	\$	625,000	\$	(1,045,129)
Component Unit - WKWB	\$ 252,127	\$	250,000	\$	685,000	\$	(682,873)

3. Capital Assets

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, the District has reported all capital assets in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. Capital asset activity of the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2020, consisted of the following:

]	Balance	Additions /		Deletions /		Balance	
	Jun	e 30, 2019	Recla	ssifications	Reclassifications		June 30, 2020	
Governmental Activities								
Land	\$	9,988	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,988
Buildings and Improvements		1,391,131		-		-		1,391,131
Office Furniture and Equipment		235,727		-		-		235,727
Computers and Equipment		223,969		6,617		20,625		209,961
Vehicles		103,753		80,485		77,754		106,484
Total		1,964,568		87,102		98,379		1,953,291
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(1,227,994)					((1,218,415)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	736,574					\$	734,876

3. Capital Assets, Continued

A summary of the component units fixed asset transactions for the year ended June 30, 2020, follows:

]	Balance Additions /		D	eletions /	Balance		
	Jun	e 30, 2019	Reclass	ifications	Reck	assifications	Jun	e 30, 2020
Component Unit Activities				_		_		
Buildings and Improvements	\$	647,518	\$	-	\$	647,518	\$	-
Office Furniture and Equipment		22,539		-		903		21,636
Computers and Equipment		215,780		-		127,848		87,932
Construction in Progress		3,186				<u> </u>		3,186
Total		889,023		_		776,269		112,754
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(556,191)						(109,568)
Total Component Unit Activities	\$	332,832					\$	3,186

For the year ended June 30, 2020, depreciation on capital assets, including assets associated with capital leases was charged to the government functions as follows:

General	\$ 11
Community / Economic Development	4,229
Transportation Services	816
Aging Services	9,145
Revolving Loan Fund	27
Intermediary Relending Program	108
Pennyrile Development and Gov't Center	24,916
West Kentucky Workforce Board	9,980
Pennyrile Housing Corporation	 3,989
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 53,221

4. Non-Current Liabilities

The District's non-current liabilities include compensated absences and notes and leases payable. The following is a summary of non-current liability transactions for the year ended June 30, 2020:

		Transfers,	Transfers,			
	Balance	Issues, or	Payments, or	Balance	Due Within	
	July 01, 2019	Additions	Expenditures	June 30, 2020	One Year	
Governmental Activities						
Notes from Direct Borrowings	\$ 567,070	\$ -	\$ 567,070	\$ -	\$ -	
Leases Payable	485,000	-	20,000	465,000	20,000	
Compensated Absences	163,992	129,178	99,254	193,916	-	
Net Pension Liability	4,529,786	194,310	-	4,724,096	-	
Net OPEB Liability	1,320,496		168,438	1,152,058		
Total Governmental Activities	7,066,344	323,488	854,762	6,535,070	20,000	
Component Unit Activities						
Notes from Direct Borrowings	536,478		440,029	96,449	20,237	
Total Component Unit Activities	536,478		440,029	96,449	20,237	
Total Non-Current Liabilities	\$ 7,602,822	\$ 323,488	\$ 1,294,791	\$ 6,631,519	\$ 40,237	

The District has extinguished the outstanding notes from direct borrowings related to governmental activities.

The District's outstanding note from direct borrowings related to the component unit activities in the amount of \$96,449 is unsecured. The outstanding note from direct borrowings related to the component unit activities in the amount of \$96,449 contains no default provisions.

4. Non-Current Liabilities, Continued

Non-current liabilities at June 30, 2020, are comprised of the following:

Governmental.	Activities
---------------	------------

30101	mme mean 1 reenvi	tie 5		
Notes from Leases Payable	Interest Rate	Final Maturity Date		Balance d of Year
Kentucky Association of Counties Total Governmental Activities	3.57%	2037	\$	465,000 465,000
Co	mponent Units	l .		
		Final	В	alance
Notes from Direct Borrowings	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Enc	d of Year
Kentucky Housing Corporation	1.00%	2021	\$	1,896
Kentucky Housing Corporation	1.00%	2022		7,032
Kentucky Housing Corporation	1.00%	2023		9,619
Kentucky Housing Corporation	1.00%	2024		13,070
Kentucky Housing Corporation	1.00%	2026		14,537
Kentucky Housing Corporation	1.00%	2026		12,298
Kentucky Housing Corporation	1.00%	2027		3,947
Kentucky Housing Corporation	1.00%	2028		3,769
Kentucky Housing Corporation	1.00%	2029		10,639
Kentucky Housing Corporation	1.00%	2031		19,642
Total Component Units				96,449
Total Long-Term Debt			\$	561,449

4. Non-Current Liabilities, Continued

The annual requirements to retire debt are as follows:

Governmental Activities Leases Payable

Leases Layable						
						Total
Year	P	Principal		Interest		se Payable
2021	\$	20,000	\$	21,129	\$	41,129
2022		20,000		20,079		40,079
2023		20,000		19,029		39,029
2024		22,500		17,979		40,479
2025		25,000		16,798		41,798
2026-2030		132,500		66,122		198,622
2031-2035		167,500		34,406		201,906
2036-2040		57,500		3,940		61,440
Total Leases Payable	\$	465,000	\$	199,482	\$	664,482

Component Units Notes from Direct Borrowings

110103	поп	DIICCED	0110	wings		
				Total		
Year	P	rincipal]	Interest	Debt Service	
2021	\$	20,237	\$	954	\$	21,191
2022		18,370		751		19,121
2023		14,883		567		15,450
2024		11,706		419		12,125
2025		8,468		246		8,714
2026-2030		21,789		499		22,288
2031-2035		996		4		1,000
T 111						
Total Notes from Direct						
Borrowings	\$	96,449	\$	3,440	\$	99,889
Total Governmental						
and Component Activities	\$	561,449	\$	202,922	\$	764,371

4. Non-Current Liabilities, Continued

Of the three funds the District maintains, the General Fund and the Pennyrile Development and Governmental Center are the funds used to meet the obligations of the general debt activities.

The lease payable is considered to be a capital lease. The lease was to fund the construction of a building addition to the District's facilities. The original purchase price was \$803,027 with accumulated depreciation of \$260,812 and the present value of the minimum lease payments is \$465,000 at June 30, 2020.

5. Employee Benefits

General Information about the Employee Benefits

Plan Descriptions: In connection with the District's agreements with Kentucky Retirement System (KRS) – County Employee Retirement System (CERS) and the Insurance Trust Fund (ITF), the District participates with other Agencies in the State in a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and post-employment benefits plan administered by the KRS. The KRS was created by state statute under Kentucky Revised Statute Chapter 61. The KRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administration of all employer pension plans in the KRS. The Kentucky Department of Revenue, an agency in the legislative branch of state government, administers the plans of KRS. The KRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.kyret.ky.gov

Benefits Provided: Kentucky Revised Stature Chapter 61 established the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Kentucky General Assembly.

Pension Plan:

Members of the CERS (nonhazardous), participating prior to September 21, 2008 (Tier 1), are eligible to retire with an unreduced benefit at age 65 or any age with over 27 years of service credit. Benefits are determined by a formula using the member's five highest annual compensation and the member's years of service. A reduced early retirement benefit is available at age 65 with at least 25 years, but less than 27 years of service credit, or at age 55 with 5 years of service credit.

Members of the CERS (nonhazardous), participating after September 1, 2008 but before January 1, 2014 (Tier 2), are eligible to retire with an unreduced benefit at age 57 if age plus service credits equal 87 years at retirement or after age 65 with 5 years of service credit. Benefits are determined by a formula using the member's last five consecutive year's compensation and the member's years of service credit. A reduced early retirement benefit is available at age 60 with at least 10 years of service credit.

Members of the CERS (nonhazardous), participating after January 1, 2014 (Tier 3), are eligible to retire with an unreduced benefit at age 57 and if age plus service credits equal 87 years at retirement or after age 65 with 5 years of service credit. Service-related disability benefits are provided for all three tiers regardless of length of service. A variety of death benefits are available under various eligibility criteria. A member who leaves employment may withdraw their employee contributions, plus any accumulated interest.

5. Employee Benefits, Continued

Other Post-Employment Benefits:

KRS contributes toward the monthly insurance premium upon retirement based on years of service and type of service.

For participants beginning prior to July 1, 2003, KRS will pay a percentage of the monthly contribution rate for medical insurance coverage.

For participants beginning between July 1, 2003 and August 31, 2008, eligibility for insurance benefits shall not be provided until the member has earned at least 120 months of service. For non-hazardous members, KRS will contribute \$10 per month for insurance for each year of earned service. Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement. The COLA has increased annually by 1.5% since July 1, 2003.

For participants beginning on or after September 1, 2008, eligibility for insurance benefits shall not be provided until the member has earned at least 180 months of service. For non-hazardous members, KRS will contribute \$10 per month for insurance for each year of earned service. Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement. The COLA has increased annually by 1.5% since July 1, 2003.

The percentage of the District's contributions to total employers' contribution in the insurance plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 is not known. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the District provided less than 1% of the total contributions to the plan.

Contributions: Contributions for members are established in the statutes governing the KRS and may only be changed by the Kentucky general Assembly. CERS and ITF covered employees are required to contribute 5% of gross pay and all employees that began participating after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute an additional 1% for health coverage. The agencies make employer contributions at the rate set by the Board of Trustees as determined by an actuarial valuation. By law, employer contributions for the CERS and ITF are required to be paid. Employer contributions by the District for the year ended June 30, 2020 to KRS were \$425,945 which is 24.06% of covered payroll and any additional required payments. The contribution rate of 24.06% is comprised of amounts for pension and insurance benefits, 19.30% or \$341,676 was allocated to pensions, 4.76% or \$84,268 was allocated to insurance. The employer rate, when combined with member contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, the costs of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability.

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Pension Liability: At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$4,724,096 for its proportionate share of net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the

5. Employee Benefits, Continued

pension plan during the year ended June 30, 2019, relative to the contributions of all members for the year ended June 30, 2019. At the June 30, 2019 measurement date, District's proportion was 0.067170%. The District's proportionate share decreased 0.007207% from the prior year.

Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability: At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$1,129,466 for its proportionate share of net liability associated with the other post-employment benefits. The net other post-employment benefits liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total other post-employment benefits liability used to calculate the net other post-employment benefits asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's portion of the net other post-employment benefits liability was based on the District's contributions to the other post-employment benefits plan during the year ended June 30, 2019, relative to the contributions of all members for the year ended June 30, 2019. At the June 30, 2019 measurement date, the District's proportion was 0.067152%. The District's proportionate share decreased 0.007222% from the prior year.

Pension expense: For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized a pension expense of \$686,683.

Other Post-Employment Benefits Expense: For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized other post-employment benefits expenses of \$99,200.

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources:

Pension Plan: For the year ended June 30, 2020, District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net difference between expected and actual experience	\$	100,659	\$	-
Change of assumptions		478,132		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		-		76,155
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		4,777		286,130
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		341,676		
	\$	925,244	\$	362,285

5. Employee Benefits, Continued

The amount shown above for "Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date" will be recognized as a reduction (increase) to net pension liability (asset) in the following measurement period.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

June 30	 Amount			
2021	\$ 211,835			
2022	1,260			
2023	2,786			
2024	5,402			
2025	-			
Thereafter	 -			
	\$ 221,283			

In the table above, positive amounts will increase pension expense, while negative amounts will decrease pension expense.

Other Post-Employment Benefits: For the year ended June 30, 2020, District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred	
	Outflows of	Inflows of	
	Resources	Resources	
Net difference between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 340,786	
Change of assumptions	334,220	2,235	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	-	50,166	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	125,760	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	108,520		
	\$ 442,740	\$ 518,947	

5. Employee Benefits, Continued

The amount shown above for "Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date" will be recognized as a reduction (increase) to net other post-employment benefits liability (asset) in the following measurement period.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

June 30	 Amount			
2021	\$ (33,082)			
2022	(33,082)			
2023	(17,132)			
2024	(47,631)			
2025	(44,224)			
Thereafter	(9,573)			
	\$ (184,724)			

In the table above, positive amounts will increase pension expense, while negative amounts will decrease pension expense.

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumption, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.30%

Payroll Growth Rate 2.00% for CERS non-hazardous

Salary Increases 3.30% - 10.30%, varies by service for CERS non-hazardous

Investment Rate of Return 6.25% for CERS non-hazardous

The total other post-employment benefits liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumption, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.30%

Payroll Growth Rate 2.00% for CERS non-hazardous

Salary Increases 3.30% - 10.30%, varies by service for CERS non-hazardous

Investment Rate of Return 6.25%

Healthcare Trend Rates

Pre-65 Initial trend starting at 7.00% at January 1, 2020, and gradually

decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 12

years.

Post-65 Initial trend starting at 5.00% at January 1, 2020, and gradually

decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 10

years

5. Employee Benefits, Continued

The mortality table used for active members was a Pub-2010 General Mortality table, for the Non-Hazardous System, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. The mortality table used for the disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 2013 to June 30, 2018. For financial reporting, the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, was performed by Gabriel Roeder Smith (GRS). The total pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities, net pension and OPEB liabilities, and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2019, were based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2018. The total pension and OPEB liabilities were rolled-forward from the valuation date (June 30, 2018) to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2029, using the general accepted actuarial principals.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years for the System. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2008 through 2013 is outlined in a report dated April 30, 2014. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a long-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and them adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation is the same for both the pension plan and the other post-employment benefits plan as of June 30, 2019.

5. Employee Benefits, Continued

The target asset allocation for each major asset class is summarized in the following table:

	Target
Asset Class	Allocation
U.S Equity	18.75%
Non-U.S. Equity	18.75%
Private Equity	10.00%
Special Credit/High Yield	15.00%
Liquidity	14.50%
Real Estate	5.00%
Opportunistic	3.00%
Real Return	15.00%
Total	100.00%

Discount Rate: The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate for the pension benefits.

The discount rate determination used an expected rate of return of 6.25% for the total other post-employment benefits, and a municipal bond rate of 3.13%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 28, 2019. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy was not included in the calculation of the KRS' actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the KRS's trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the CAFR.

Projected cash flows: The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 6.25% for the total pension liability for CERS Non-hazardous assumes that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in Statute as last amended by House Bill 362 (passed in 2018).

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 5.68% for the total other postemployment benefits liability assumed that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 24 years (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using a discount rate of percent, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percent-point lower (5.25%) or 1-percent-point higher (7.25%) than the current rate for non-hazardous:

5. Employee Benefits, Continued

	1% Decrease (5.25%)	Discount Rate (6.25%)	1% Increase (7.25%)
Pennyrile Area Development District's net	Ф. 5.000.504	Ф. 4724.006	Ф 2 72 (002
pension liability	\$ 5,908,504	\$ 4,724,096	\$ 3,736,903

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of net other post-employment benefits liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the net other post-employment benefits liability of the District, calculated using a discount rate of percent, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percent-point lower (4.68%) or 1-percent-point higher (6.68%) than the current rate for non-hazardous:

	1% Decrease Discount Rate		1% Increase
	(4.68%)	(5.68%)	(6.68%)
Pennyrile Area Development District's net			
other post-employment benefits liability	\$ 1,513,020	\$ 1,129,466	\$ 813,443

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of net other post-employment benefits liability (asset) to changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate: The following presents the net other post-employment benefits liability of the District, calculated using a the current healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated at a 1% decrease and a 1% increase:

	Current					
	Cost Trend					
	1% Decrease		Rate		1% Increase	
Pennyrile Area Development District's net						
other post-employment benefits liability	\$	839,990	\$	1,129,466	\$ 1,480,491	

Fiduciary net pension: Detailed information about the pension plan and the other post-employment benefits plan fiduciary net position are available in separately issued financial reports and can be found at www.kyret.ky.gov. The pension plan's fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis used by the pension plan. The other post-employment fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis used by the other post-employment benefit plan. The aforementioned reports disclose the plans basis of accounting, policies and valuation methods of the plans' assets.

6. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District is insured under a public entity risk pool for these types of risk, including workers' compensation. In accordance with Kentucky Revised Statute 304.48-250, if the assets of the liability insurance group (pool) are at any time insufficient to enable the group to discharge its legal liabilities, other obligations, and to maintain the required reserves, the pool shall immediately levy an additional assessment upon all members of the pool for the amount necessary to make up the deficiency.

The District reduces the risk of loss by purchasing commercial liability insurance. No additional assessments have resulted for the liability insurance or workers' compensation insurance in any of the past three fiscal years.

7. Contingencies

The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs that are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. To the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing these grants, refunds of any money received may be impaired. Based on prior experience, management believes the District will not incur significant losses from possible grant disallowances. Amounts that management anticipates will be refunded are included in grants payable.

The District passes a significant portion of the state and federal grant funds it receives through to subrecipients. The District monitors the activities of the subrecipients and requires that applicable subrecipients have financial and compliance audits performed. To the extent that audits of subrecipients indicate failures to comply with applicable grant requirements, the District assesses the likelihood of grant refunds payable as a result of such noncompliance, and records a liability for amounts management deems to be in excess of amounts recoverable from the subrecipient. Management also assesses the likelihood of noncompliance by subrecipients that have not yet submitted audited results and, to the extent material amounts are believed by management to be refundable, amounts in excess of what management deems recoverable from the subrecipient, is recognized as a liability of the District. Continuation of the District's programs is predicated by the grantor's satisfaction that the funds are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

8. Cost Allocation Plan

The District allocates shared costs according to the cost allocation plan. The plan is calculated according to a monthly salary allocation ratio that is calculated for each applicable program. The shared costs are made up of the costs determined to be indirect costs incurred on behalf of all programs.

Operating expenses of the Pennyrile Area Development District are charged as either direct program costs or indirect costs on behalf of all programs. Direct charges to a particular program are as defined in 2 CFR Part 200, Uniform Guidance, which can be identified specifically with a particular program objective. The criteria as used by the District in determining direct and indirect costs are as follows:

A. Salaries and Wages

a. Direct Costs – The majority of the employees direct charge their salary costs since their work is specifically identifiable to specific grants, contracts, or other activities of the organization.

8. Cost Allocation Plan, Continued

The charges are supported by auditable labor distribution reports which reflect the actual activities of the employees.

- b. Mixed Charges The following employees may charge their salary costs to both direct and indirect activities:
 - i. Executive Director
 - ii. Administrative Officer
 - iii. Executive Assistant
 - iv. Accounting Clerks
 - v. Website Developer
 - vi. Computer Manager
 - vii. Receptionist

The distinction between direct and indirect is primarily based on functions performed. For example, when the positions shown are performing functions that are necessary and beneficial to all programs, they are indirect. When functions are specific to one or more programs they are direct because they do not benefit all programs. Auditable labor distribution records which reflect the actual activities of employees are maintained to support the mix of direct / indirect charges.

c. Release time costs (vacation leave earned, sick leave used, and paid holidays) are considered part of salary costs. Since such costs are part of salary, the recipient does not claim release time as separate charges. Pennyrile ADD's records release time as a direct or indirect cost in the same manner that salary costs are recorded. Vacation leave earned but not used during each fiscal period is treated as a cost incurred during the period the leave is earned.

B. Fringe Benefits

The District contributes the following fringe benefits for its employees:

- Federal Insurance Contributions Act (Social Security and Medicare)
- Unemployment Insurance
- Health, Dental and Vision Insurance
- Disability Insurance
- Employee Discretionary Insurance Coverage
- Kentucky Retirement System
- Worker's Compensation Insurance
- Life Insurance
- Annual Leave

Since the district's accounting system tracks fringe benefits costs by individual employee and charges those costs directly or indirectly in the same manner as salary and wage costs are recorded, the district does not need to have a fringe benefit rate established.

In accordance with the 2 CFR Part 200, Uniform Guidance, payments to separating employees for unused leave are treated as indirect costs when computing the indirect cost rate. Payments to separating employees for unused leave are not charged as direct costs to any federal awards.

8. Cost Allocation Plan, Continued

C. Travel

Travel costs are charged either as direct or indirect depending upon the predominant purpose of the trip. Auditable travel vouchers support all claimed travel costs. Travel costs are normally limited to those allowable under the Federal Travel Regulations. The District identifies unallowable travel costs (e.g., most first class airfare, excessive lodging costs, and alcoholic beverages) and does not charge them as direct to federal awards or as indirect to any indirect cost pool.

D. Consultant Contracts

All consultant contracts whose content is directly attributed to specific work elements are to be charged as a direct cost of the program(s) in which they apply.

E. Printing and Duplicating

All printing and duplicating costs which are directly attributable to documents within a specific work element are to be charged as a direct cost. This specifically applies to any printing, which is necessary on required plans and reports. All miscellaneous printing costs are to be charged as indirect service costs.

F. Postage

All postage costs, which are directly attributable to a specific work element, are to be charged as a direct cost. All postage not identifiable with a specific program is considered an indirect cost.

G. Audit Fees

The Pennyrile Area Development District's audit cost for the Agency's annual overall audit with details by specific program are to be charged as a shared administrative cost; except in the case of a specific program or grant requiring a special audit report in which case these fees should be charged against that specific program or grant.

H. Building Rental

All building rental or depreciation and the associated utilities costs is to be charged as a shared service cost.

I. Equipment Rental / Purchases

Depreciation charges, rentals, and usage costs of equipment are generally charged as shared service costs. In some instances, if allowable, depreciation charges, rentals, and usage costs may be charged as a direct cost to the applicable program element. Equipment purchases are not charged as shared costs.

8. Cost Allocation Plan, Continued

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the shared cost categories that were allocated to all of the programs are as follows:

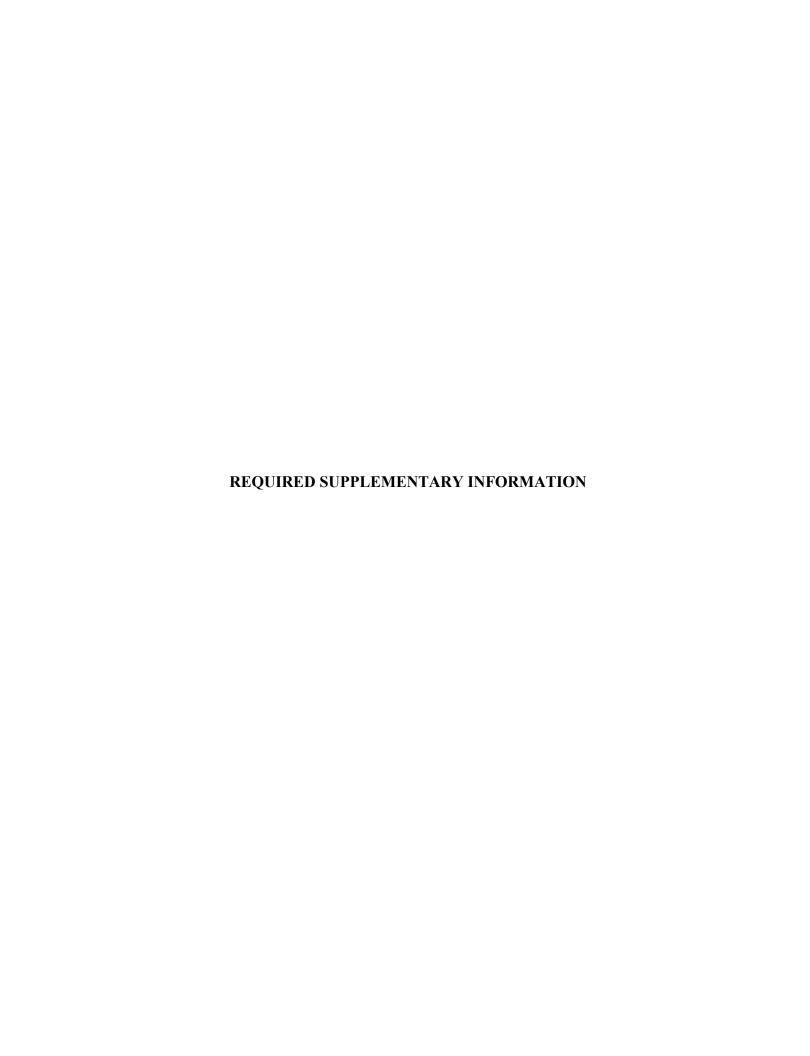
Salaries	\$ 319,924
Employee Benefits	196,084
Annual Leave	23,536
Travel	36,565
Duplicating	4,370
Postage	3,768
Depreciation	24,380
Other Indirect Costs	241,911
Total Shared Cost	\$ 850,538

9. COVID-19

In December 2019, an outbreak of a novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) originated in Wuhan, China and has since spread to other countries, including the U.S. On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization characterized COVID-19 as a pandemic. In March 2020, the Kentucky Governor ordered the closure of the physical location of "non-essential" businesses for an extended period, but this did not affect the District since the Department of Homeland Security considered Area Development Districts "essential" during the pandemic. The District adopted a COVID-19 Healthy-At-Work plan detailing the changes implemented to remain open safely during the outbreak. Even though the District was "essential", as a part of the COVID-19 Health-At-Work plan, employees worked from home on a rotating basis to reduce in-person interaction. Management continues to carefully monitor the ongoing situation. While Management does not feel that there has been or will be a long-term adverse effect from COVID-19 on the District, the Pennyrile Senior Centers were temporarily closed on March 16, 2020. Nutrition and supportive services continued to be provided to consumers in their homes, or by curb side pickup. Title III B transportation experienced a decrease in units as transportation was not utilized as often due to the closures of the senior centers and a decrease in travel overall.

10. Subsequent Events

After June 30, 2020, the District was informed that they could possibly be reimbursed by the Commonwealth of Kentucky for their assistance with the unemployment outreach during the pandemic. The amount of the reimbursement has not been finalized yet but has the potential to reach \$131,000. As this amount is an estimate only, it has not been recorded as a receivable as of June 30, 2020.



PENNYRILE AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT, INC. SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY COUNTY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30

		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Total Net Pension Liability (Asset) for County Employee Retirement System	\$7,0	033,044,552	\$6,0	090,304,793	\$5,	853,307,463	\$4,	923,618,237	\$4,	299,525,565	\$3,	244,376,263
Pennyrile Area Development District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.067170%		0.074377%		0.075167%		0.074476%		0.078550%		0.081091%
Pennyrile Area Development District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	4,724,096	\$	4,529,786	\$	4,399,756	\$	3,666,933	\$	3,377,279	\$	2,630,890
Pennyrile Area Development District's Covered Payroll	\$	1,770,342	\$	1,694,303	\$	1,841,775	\$	1,847,305	\$	1,809,114	\$	1,832,682
Pennyrile Area Development District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll		266.85%		267.35%		238.89%		198.50%		186.68%		143.55%
Plan Fidicuary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Net Position		50.45%		53.54%		53.30%		55.50%		59.97%		66.80%

^{*}The amounts presented were determined as of June 30 of the prior fiscal year

Note: This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

PENNYRILE AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT, INC. SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION COUNTY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30

	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	2015	 2014
Contractually Required Pension Contribution	\$ 341,676	\$ 274,816	\$ 266,689	\$ 257,699	\$ 224,692	\$ 233,667	\$ 255,613
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Pension Contribution	(341,676)	(274,816)	(266,689)	(257,699)	(224,692)	(233,667)	(255,613)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 	\$ 	\$
Pennyrile Area Development District's Covered Payroll	\$ 1,770,342	\$ 1,694,303	\$ 1,841,775	\$ 1,847,305	\$ 1,809,114	\$ 1,832,682	\$ 1,860,357
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Pennyrile Area Development District's Covered Payroll	19.30%	16.22%	14.48%	13.95%	12.42%	12.75%	13.74%

Note: This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule in not required to be presented retroactively. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

PENNYRILE AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT, INC. SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LIABILITY COUNTY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30

		2020		2019		2018								
Total Net Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability (Asset) for County Employee Retirement System	\$ 1,681,954,950		•		\$ 1,775,480,122		\$ 1,775,480,122		1,681,954,950 \$ 1,775,480,122		,681,954,950 \$ 1,775,480,12		\$ 2	,010,342,058
Pennyrile Area Development District's Proportion of the Net Other Post- Employment Benefits Liability (Asset)		0.067152%		0.074374%		0.075167%								
Pennyrile Area Development District's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Post- Employment Benefits Liability (Asset)	\$	1,129,466	\$	1,320,496	\$	1,511,114								
Pennyrile Area Development District's Covered Payroll	\$	1,770,342	\$	1,694,303	\$	1,841,775								
Pennyrile Area Development District's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Post- Employment Benefits Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll		63.80%		77.94%		82.05%								
Plan Fidicuary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Net Position		60.44%		57.62%		52.40%								

^{*}The amounts presented were determined as of June 30 of the prior fiscal year.

Note: This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

PENNYRILE AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT, INC. SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED CONTRIBUTIONS - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS COUNTY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30

	 2020	2019	 2018	 2017
Contractually Required Other Post-Employment Benefits Contribution (Implicit Subsidy Omitted)	\$ 84,268	\$ 89,121	\$ 86,564	\$ 87,378
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Other Post-Employment Benefits Contribution	\$ (84,268)	\$ (89,121)	(86,564)	 (87,378)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
Pennyrile Area Development District's Covered Payroll	\$ 1,770,342	\$ 1,694,303	\$ 1,841,775	\$ 1,847,305
Contributions as a Percentage of Pennyrile Area Development District's Covered Payroll	4.76%	5.26%	4.70%	4.73%

Note: This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule in not required to be presented retroactively. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

PENNYRILE AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2020

County Employee Retirement System

Changes of benefit terms – The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30 listed below for the total pension liability:

2009:

A new benefit tier for members who first participate on or after September 1, 2008 was introduced which included the following changes:

- 1. Tiered Structure for benefit accrual rates.
- 2. New retirement eligibility requirements.
- 3. Different rules for the computation of final average compensation.

2014:

A cash balance plan was introduced for members whose participation date is on or after January 1, 2014.

Changes of assumption – The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30 listed below for both the total pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities:

2018:

- The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.50% to 6.25%
- The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 2.30%
- Salary increase changed from 3.05%, average to a range of 3.30% to 11.55%
- Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 2.00%
- Pre-retirement mortality: PUB-2010 General Mortality table projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010
- Post-retirement mortality (non-disabled): System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019.
- Post retirement mortality (disabled): PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.
- The percent of disabilities assumed to occur in the line of duty was updated from 0% to 2% for non-hazardous members.
- The annual rates of retirement, disability, withdrawal, and mortality were updated based on the 2018 Experience Study.

PENNYRILE AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2020

Pension Trust Fund

Method and assumption used in calculation of actuarially determined contributions – The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the actuarially determined contributions effective for fiscal year ending June 30, 2019:

Valuation Date June 30, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level Percentage of Pay

Remaining Amortization Period 26 years, Closed

Payroll Growth Rate 2.00%

Asset Valuation Method 20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the

expected actuarial value of assets is recognized

Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increase 3.30% to 11.55%, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return 6.25%

Insurance Trust Fund

Method and assumption used in calculation of actuarially determined contributions – The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the actuarially determined contributions effective for fiscal year ending June 30, 2019:

Valuation Date June 30, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level Percentage of Pay

Remaining Amortization Period 26 years, Closed

Payroll Growth Rate 2.00%

Asset Valuation Method 20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the

expected actuarial value of assets is recognized

Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increase 3.30% to 11.55%, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return 6.25%

Healthcare Trend Rates

Pre-65 Initial trend starting at 7.25% at January 1, 2019, and gradually

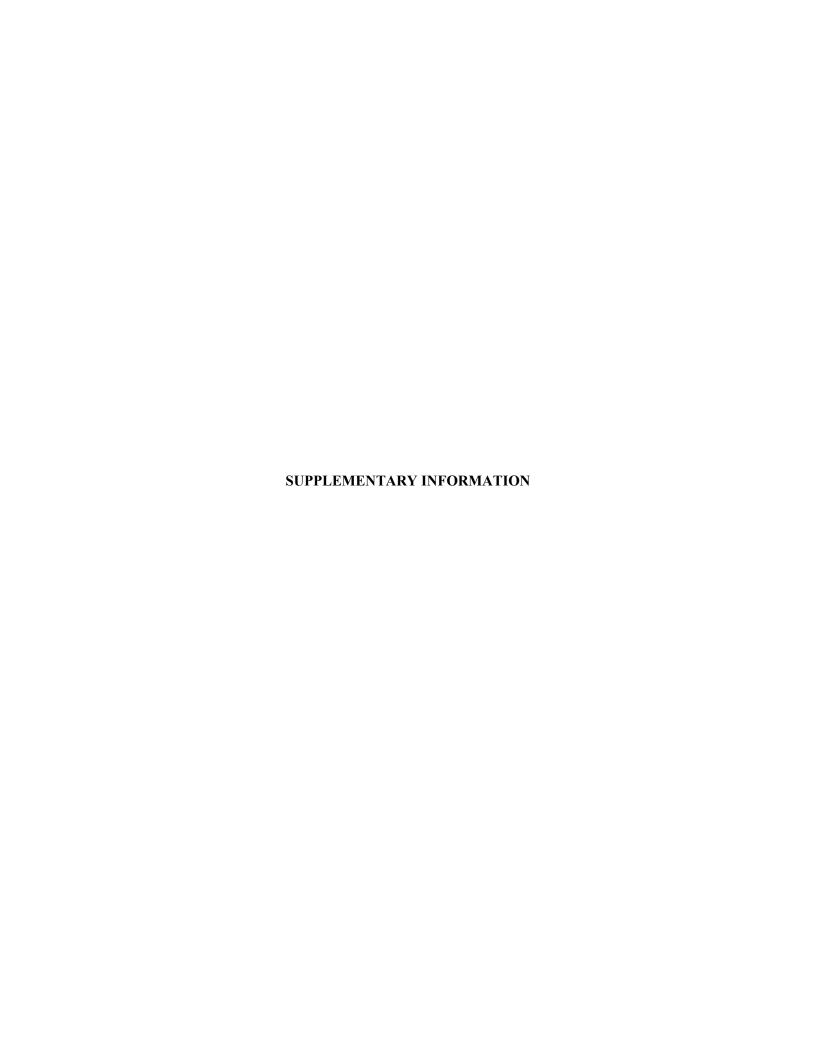
decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13

vears

Post-65 Initial trend starting at 5.10% at January 1, 2019, and gradually

decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 11

years



PENNYRILE AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT, INC. SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Grantor / Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor Number	Passed Through to Subrescipients	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
C.s. Department of Agriculture Passed-Through Rural Development Intermediary Relending Program (Note 5)	10.767	DO-94-213	\$ -	\$ 586,662
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				586,662
U. S. Department of Commerce				
Passed-Through Department for Local Government Joint Funding Administration	11.302	MOA*	-	103,853
Passed-Through Economic Development Administration Economic Adjustment Assistance (RLF) (Note 5)	11.307	04-79-06079		518,564
Total U.S. Department of Commerce				622,417
U.S. Department of Defense Passed-Through Office of Economic Adjustment Community Economic Adjustment Assistance for Realignment and Closure of a Military Installatio	12.607	HQ0005170038		355,934
Total U.S. Department of Defense	12.007	1100003170030		355,934
Total 0.5. Department of Detense				333,734
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed-Through Kentucky Cabinet for Health and Family Services Aging Cluster				
Title III Part B - Support Services COVID-19 Title III Part B - Support Services	93.044 93.044	PON2 725 2000000214 PON2 725 2000000214	83,111	236,425 568
Total Title III Part B - Support Services			83,111	236,993
Title III Part C - Nutrition Services	93.045	PON2 725 2000000214	495,144	537,287
COVID-19 Title III Part C - Nutrition Services Total Title III Part C - Nutrition Services	93.045	PON2 725 2000000214	301,561 796,705	318,495 855,782
Nutrition Services Incentive	93.053	PON2 725 1900000884	142,302	142,302
Total Aging Cluster			1,022,118	1,235,077
Title III Part D - Disease Prevention	93.043	PON2 725 2000000214	17,787	17,787
Title III Part E - Caregiver Support COVID-19 Title III Part E - Caregiver Support	93.052 93.052	PON2 725 2000000214 PON2 725 2000000214	-	114,973 9,387
Total Title III Part E - Caregiver Support	93.052	FON2 /23 2000000214		124,360
Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Service - Research,	02.224	DOMO 505 1000001110	20.056	22.442
Demonstrations, and Evaluations Medical Assistance Program	93.324 93.778	PON2 725 1900001119 PON2 725 1900000816	20,856	22,443 19,332
Title VII - Ombudsman COVID-19 Title VII - Ombudsman	93.042 93.042	PON2 725 1900004491 PON2 725 1900004491	-	5,223 442
Total Title VII - Ombudsman	93.042	1 0112 723 1300001131		5,665
Title VII - Program for Prevention of Elder Abuse, Neglect and Exploitation	93.041	PON2 725 1900004491		3,201
Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93.069	PON2 725 1900000533	-	1,000
Medicare Enrollment Assistance Program	93.071	PON2 725 2000000094	13,014	27,588
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			1,073,775	1,456,453
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Passed-Through Kentucky Department for Local Government				
Neighborhood Stabilization Program	14.228	14N-019		838
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				838
U.S. Department of Labor				
Passed-Through Kentucky Cabinet for Health and Family Services Senior Community Service Employment Title V Aging Workforce Innovation and Opportunity National Dislocated Worker Grants/Workforce	17.235	PON2 725 1900001139	166,057	178,300
Investment Act National Emergency Grant	17.277	DW-34024-19-60-A-21	-	391,525

PENNYRILE AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT, INC. SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS, CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Grantor / Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor Number	Passed Through to Subrescipients	Exp	oenditures
U.S. Department of Labor, Continued	<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Passed-Through Northern Middle Tennesee Local Workforce Development Board Workforce Innovation and Opportunity National Dislocated Worker					
Grants/Workforce Investment Act National Emergency Grants	17.277	WIOA-KY-CSWP	-		342,654
WIOA Cluster Passed-Through Kentucky Education and Workforce Development Cabinet,					
Department of Workforce, Office of Employment and Training					
Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act Adult Program	17.258	27319	50,481		71,508
Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act Adult Program	17.258	27020	27,583		142,535
Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act Adult Program	17.258	27320	195,482		497,797
Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act Youth Activities	17.259	274SRA8	-		75,000
Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act Youth Activities	17.259	27419	37,658		155,082
Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act Youth Activities	17.259	274R9	-		2,611
Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act Youth Activities	17.259	27420	36,957		634,983
Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act Dislocated Worker Formula Grant	17.278	27118	35,195		100,935
Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act Dislocated Worker Formula Grant	17.278	27218	1,014		57,326
Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act Dislocated Worker Formula Grant	17.278	27119	229,641		976,813
Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act Dislocated Worker Formula Grant	17.278	27219	17,039		29,854
Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act Dislocated Worker Formula Grant	17.278	27120	108,038		337,676
Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act Dislocated Worker Formula Grant Total WIOA Cluster	17.278	27220	59,655	-	183,487
Total WIOA Cluster			798,743		3,265,607
Passed-Through Kentucky Education and Workforce Development Cabinet, Department of Workforce, Office of Employment and Training					
Trade Adjustment Assistance	17.245	20517	_		13,228
Trade Adjustment Assistance	17.245	20518	_		184,000
Trade Adjustment Assistance	17.245	20519			9,225
Total U.S. Department of Labor			964,800		4,384,539
Delta Regional Authority					
Passed-Through Department for Local Government					
Delta Regional Authority Act - Technical Assistance	90.200	SF424			18,000
Total Delta Regional Authority					18,000
Total Federal Award Expenditures			\$ 2,038,575	\$	7,424,843
* Memorandum of Agreement (MOA)					
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Calculation for Revolving Loan (RLF) and	Intermediary Pro	grams (IRP)			
(RLF) Grant					
Balance of RLF loans outstanding at June 30, 2020				\$	612,767
Cash and investment balance in RLF at June 30, 2020				-	68,518
Administrative expenses paid out of RLF in year ended June 30, 2020					10,133
Total			_		691,418
Federal share of RLF					0.750
Total amount reported on SEFA for RLF			-	\$	518,564
(IRP) Grant					
Balance of IRP notes payable outstanding at June 30, 2019				\$	567,070
Interest revenue as of June 30, 2020					19,592
Total amount reported on SEFA for IRP				\$	586,662

PENNYRILE AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2020

1. Basis of Presentation

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal award activity of the District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020 and is presented on the statutory basis of accounting. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not represent the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows for the District.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Polices

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

3. Indirect Cost Rate

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance. The District uses a Cost Allocation Plan methodology as defined in Appendix VII, Part 200, Section F3.

4. Loan Balance

The loan payable related to loan programs was paid off during fiscal year ended at June 30, 2020.

5. Federal Expenditure Reconciliation

The District participates in certain federal programs that involve the loaning of monies to third parties. In accordance with Uniform Guidance, federal expenditures reflected in this schedule include the value of new loans made during the year plus: the federal share of loans outstanding, cash, and administrative costs incurred during the fiscal year.

Federal Expenditures	\$ 6,319,617
Intermediary Relending Program	586,662
RLF Project Funds	518,564
Total Federal Expenditures	\$ 7,424,843

PENNYRILE AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS, CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2020

6. Subrecipients

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, Pennyrile Area Development District provided federal awards to the following subrecipients:

Subrecipient Program Title	Amount Provided
	-
Pennyrile Allied Community Title III	\$ 886,078
Services, Inc. SHIP	20,856
Title V - Senior Community Servi	ice
Employment Program	166,057
USDA	142,302
Medicare Enrollment Assistance	Program13,014
Subrecipient Total	\$ 1,228,307
Kentucky Legal Aid Title III	\$ 11,525
Subrecipient Total	\$ 11,525
Purchase Area Development	
District WIOA Funds	\$ 798,743
Subrecipient Total	\$ 798,743

7. WKWB Reconciliation

Kentucky Education and Workforce Development Cabinet	\$3,471,980
Increases (Decreases)	
Direct Funding from Workforce Innovation and	
Opportunity National Dislocated Worker Grants /	
Workforce Investment Act National Emergency Grant	734,179
Deferred Revenue 06/30/20	80
Workforce Board Expenditures	\$4.206.239

PENNYRILE AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT, INC. STATEMENT OF NET POSITION BETWEEN THE RIVERS DUPLEX JUNE 30, 2020

Assets

Accounts Receivable Non-Current Assets Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	<u>-</u> _
Total Assets	
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	
Other Current Liabilities	86,382
Non-Current Liabilities	
Due Within One Year	
Due in More Than One Year	-
Total Liabilities	 86,382
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	-
Unrestricted	(86,382)
Restricted	 <u>-</u>
Total Net Position	\$ (86,382)

PENNYRILE AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT, INC. STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION BETWEEN THE RIVERS DUPLEX FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Operating Revenues

Rent Other Revenues	\$ 7,206 450
Total Operating Revenues	7,656
Operating Expenses	
Salaries	2,097
Annual Leave	211
Employee Benefits	867
Travel	125
Postage	7
Depreciation	3,924
Write-Off Expense	1,550
Other Direct Costs	27,701
Indirect Costs Applied	 1,264
Total Operating Expenses	37,746
Operating Income	(30,090)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	
Gain on Sale of Assets	89,403
Interest Expense	 (1,423)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	 87,980
Change in Net Position	57,890
Net Position - Beginning	(144,272)
Net Position - Ending	\$ (86,382)

					Aging			
	Unrestricted Local Operations	Title III B Administration	Title III C1 Administration	Title III C2 Administration	Title III E Administration	Title III Supportive Services	Title III Ombudsman	Title III Congregate Meals
Revenues								
Federal	\$ -	\$ 24,490	\$ 29,929	\$ 29,149	\$ 13,944	\$ 198,551	\$ 13,952	\$ 286,843
State	-	8,127	10,749	5,460	3,088	203,033	2,965	24,338
Local								
Annual Assessments	98,697	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest Income	12,418	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Local Match	(19,970)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Local Applied to Grants	(19,933)	36	-	4,256	1,692	-	-	-
Other Revenues	15,356	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
In-Kind Revenue						1,594		105,145
Total Revenues	86,568	32,653	40,678	38,865	18,724	403,178	16,917	416,326
Expenditures								
Direct Expenditures								
Salaries	-	11,799	14,924	14,865	7,068	49,871	6,521	-
Employee Benefits	-	6,784	8,932	8,557	4,525	27,882	3,265	-
Annual Leave	-	907	1,190	1,173	570	3,267	415	-
Travel	4,914	1,304	567	580	-	2,456	229	-
Contracted Services	-	-	-	-	-	284,705	-	311,181
Duplicating	-	300	300	300	300	20	245	-
Postage	-	230	230	230	230	24	124	-
Depreciation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	38,136	3,788	5,023	3,826	1,353	2,369	2,081	-
In-Kind Expenditures						1,594		105,145
Total Direct Expenditures	43,050	25,112	31,166	29,531	14,046	372,188	12,880	416,326
Shared Costs Applied		7,541	9,512	9,334	4,678	30,990	4,037	
Total Expenditures	43,050	32,653	40,678	38,865	18,724	403,178	16,917	416,326
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	\$ 43,518	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

	Aging													
Revenues	D	e III Home elivered Meals	Title III Disease Prevention		Federal Caregiver Services		Elder Abuse		Title VII Ombudsman		NSIP		Title V Senior Employment	
Federal	¢.	500.961	¢.	17 707	¢	110 416	¢	2 201	¢	5 665	¢	142 202	¢	179 200
State	\$	509,861 31,003	\$	17,787	\$	110,416 37,973	\$	3,201	\$	5,665	\$	142,302	\$	178,300
Local		31,003		-		37,973		-		-		-		-
Annual Assessments Interest Income		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Local Match		-		-		-		565		925		-		-
Local Applied to Grants		-		-		-		303		923		-		115
Other Revenues		-		-		-		-		-		-		113
In-Kind Revenue		18,535		1,548		-		-		-		-		19,936
III-KIIId Keveliue		16,333		1,346	-									19,930
Total Revenues		559,399		19,335		148,389		3,766		6,590		142,302		198,351
Expenditures														
Direct Expenditures														
Salaries		-		-		35,898		1,451		2,539		-		4,768
Employee Benefits		-		-		18,328		727		1,271		-		3,113
Annual Leave		-		-		1,762		92		162		-		370
Travel		-		-		1,928		51		89		-		2
Contracted Services		540,864		17,787		64,770		-		-		142,302		166,058
Duplicating		-		-		678		55		96		-		-
Postage		-		-		526		28		48		-		-
Depreciation		-		-		_		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Other Direct Costs		-		-		2,472		463		813		-		1,026
In-Kind Expenditures		18,535		1,548								-		19,936
Total Direct Expenditures		559,399		19,335		126,362		2,867		5,018		142,302		195,273
Shared Costs Applied						22,027		899		1,572				3,078
Total Expenditures		559,399		19,335		148,389		3,766		6,590		142,302		198,351
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)														
Expenditures	\$	-	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	_

	Aging														
Revenues	MIPPA ADRC		Disability Resource Center	MIPPA SHIP		MIPPA AAA		Veterans Directed Services		Participant Directed Services		Functional Assessment Services Team		Mental Health & Aging Coalition	
Revenues															
Federal	\$ 5,1	75	\$ 19,332	\$	13,015	\$	9,398	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,000	\$	-
State		-	19,332		-		-		-		2,067,612		-		-
Local															
Annual Assessments		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Interest Income		-	-		-		-		348		79		-		-
Local Match		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Local Applied to Grants	6	93	2,304		-		156		-		-		-		-
Other Revenues		-	-		-		-		2,100,184		720		-		346
In-Kind Revenue					-				-		-				
Total Revenues	5,8	68	40,968		13,015		9,554		2,100,532		2,068,411		1,000		346
Expenditures															
Direct Expenditures															
Salaries	2,2	22	15,225		_		3,911		64,295		175,989		_		22
Employee Benefits	1,6		10,862		_		2,254		46,061		102,215		_		12
Annual Leave		33	929		_		278		4,066		9,570		_		2
Travel		65	140		_		258		4,353		13,325		_		-
Contracted Services		_	<u>-</u>		13,015		_		1,797,321		1,594,975		_		-
Duplicating		39	44		_		39		265		1,566		-		_
Postage		_	50		_		10		1,450		3,725		-		_
Depreciation		_	-		_		_		, <u>-</u>				-		_
Interest		_	=		_		-		=		-		-		_
Other Direct Costs	1	80	2,733		_		222		5,651		15,205		1,000		297
In-Kind Expenditures					-				<u> </u>		<u> </u>				
Total Direct Expenditures	4,2	88	29,983		13,015		6,972		1,923,462		1,916,570		1,000		333
Shared Costs Applied	1,5	80	10,985			-	2,582		44,785		112,392			-	13
Total Expenditures	5,8	68	40,968		13,015		9,554		1,968,247		2,028,962		1,000	-	346
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)														
Expenditures	\$		\$ -	\$		\$		\$	132,285	\$	39,449	\$		\$	

			Aging						
	State Long- Term Care Ombudsman	SHIP	Humana Excess Food Program			Joint Funding Administration	Delta Regional Authority	Local Economic Development	
Revenues									
Federal	\$ -	\$ 22,443	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 103,853	\$ 18,000	\$ -	
State	62,275	-	· =		665,855	97,444	-	<u>-</u>	
Local					,	ŕ			
Annual Assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest Income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Local Match	-	_	-	-	9,807	-	-	_	
Local Applied to Grants	-	202	-	-	-	2,326	74	-	
Other Revenues	-	-	1,567	3,880	-	-	-	216,662	
In-Kind Revenue					49,916				
Total Revenues	62,275	22,645	1,567	3,880	725,578	203,623	18,074	216,662	
Expenditures									
Direct Expenditures									
Salaries	27,010	670	-	-	57,805	83,928	7,467	97,085	
Employee Benefits	13,348	371	-	-	31,554	50,746	4,433	51,995	
Annual Leave	1,697	53	-	-	4,205	5,606	509	7,036	
Travel	869	=	-	-	3,785	4,966	244	4,460	
Contracted Services	-	20,856	1,567	3,876	532,546	=	=	-	
Duplicating	689	-	-	-	808	907	277	35	
Postage	464	-	-	-	625	337	84	21	
Depreciation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest	-	-	-	-	=	=	-	-	
Other Direct Costs	1,961	278	-	-	7,419	2,230	413	1,220	
In-Kind Expenditures					49,916				
Total Direct Expenditures	46,038	22,228	1,567	3,876	688,663	148,720	13,427	161,852	
Shared Costs Applied	16,237	417			36,912	54,903	4,647	59,779	
Total Expenditures	62,275	22,645	1,567	3,876	725,575	203,623	18,074	221,631	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under))								
Expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4	\$ 3	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (4,969)	

	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =		Campbell Manage		Water Revolvin Management/ Loan Resources Fund			R	termediary Relending Program	Between the Rivers Duplex		Neighborhood Stabilization Program		Pennyrile Housing Corporation		
Revenues														- g		
Federal	\$	355,934	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	838	\$	-
State		-		-		70,192		-		-		-		-		-
Local																
Annual Assessments		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Interest Income		-		2		-		12,319		19,592		-		-		1,995
Local Match		-		613		-		-		-		-		-		-
Local Applied to Grants		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Other Revenues		-		-		-		-		-		97,059		74,287		6,000
In-Kind Revenue		226,526						=								
Total Revenues		582,460		615		70,192		12,319		19,592		97,059		75,125		7,995
Expenditures																
Direct Expenditures																
Salaries		15,577		-		30,424		1,332		4,841		2,098		-		2,689
Employee Benefits		8,153		-		14,890		768		2,513		867		-		1,576
Annual Leave		1,347		-		1,799		115		424		211		-		187
Travel		13,101		-		2,914		-		44		125		-		31
Contracted Services		261,789		-		-		-		-		-		75,230		-
Duplicating		-		-		185		-		-		-		-		3
Postage		4		-		202		-		-		7		-		30
Depreciation		-		-		-		-		-		3,924		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-		1,321		1,423		-		988
Other Direct Costs		46,407		615		1,485		7,063		208		29,250		-		366
In-Kind Expenditures		226,526						=								
Total Direct Expenditures		572,904		615		51,899		9,278		9,351		37,905		75,230		5,870
Shared Costs Applied		9,556				18,293		854		2,892		1,264				1,711
Total Expenditures		582,460		615		70,192		10,132		12,243		39,169		75,230		7,581
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)																
Expenditures	\$	=	\$		\$		\$	2,187	\$	7,349	\$	57,890	\$	(105)	\$	414

	Pennyrile Dev. & Gov't Center	Computer Services	Regional Transportation	Local Road Updates	West Kentucky Workforce Board	Shared Cost Allocation	Total
Revenues							
Federal	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,206,239	\$ -	\$ 6,319,617
State	-	-	78,065	17,200	-	-	3,404,711
Local							-
Annual Assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-	98,697
Interest Income	444	-	-	-	-	-	47,197
Local Match	-	-	8,674	-	-	-	614
Local Applied to Grants	-	-	2,275	5,803	-	-	(1)
Other Revenues	49,887	3,140	-	-	-	-	2,569,088
In-Kind Revenue							423,200
Total Revenues	50,331	3,140	89,014	23,003	4,206,239		12,863,123
Expenditures							
Direct Expenditures:							
Salaries	-	601	40,098	9,122	588,683	319,924	1,700,722
Employee Benefits	-	350	16,967	6,507	277,557	196,084	925,116
Annual Leave	-	28	3,991	463	47,905	23,536	123,998
Travel	-	182	1,224	335	43,178	36,565	142,284
Contracted Services	-	-	-	-	2,540,581	-	8,369,423
Duplicating	-	-	319	-	8,973	4,370	20,813
Postage	-	19	86	-	1,117	3,768	13,669
Depreciation	24,916	-	-	-	-	24,380	53,220
Interest	21,835	-	-	-	-	-	25,567
Other Direct Costs	3,136	203	2,786	248	351,442	241,911	785,429
In-Kind Expenditures	<u> </u>						423,200
Total Direct Expenditures	49,887	1,383	65,471	16,675	3,859,436	850,538	12,583,441
Shared Costs Applied		394	23,543	6,328	346,803	(850,538)	
Total Expenditures	49,887	1,777	89,014	23,003	4,206,239		12,583,441
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures	\$ 444	\$ 1,363	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 279,682



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors of Pennyrile Area Development District Hopkinsville, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, and each major fund of Pennyrile Area Development District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Pennyrile Area Development District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 6, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Pennyrile Area Development District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Pennyrile Area Development District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Pennyrile Area Development District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Pennyrile Area Development District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on

To the Board of Directors Pennyrile Area Development District January 6, 2021 Page 2 of 2

the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Callow + Company
Hopkinsville, Kentucky

January 6, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Directors of Pennyrile Area Development District Hopkinsville, Kentucky

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Pennyrile Area Development District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Pennyrile Area Development District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Pennyrile Area Development District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Pennyrile Area Development District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Pennyrile Area Development District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Pennyrile Area Development District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Pennyrile Area Development District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

To the Board of Directors Pennyrile Area Development District January 6, 2021 Page 2 of 3

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Pennyrile Area Development District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Pennyrile Area Development District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Pennyrile Area Development District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units and each major fund of Pennyrile Area Development District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statement, which collectively comprise Pennyrile Area Development District's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated January 6, 2021, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for the purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance

To the Board of Directors Pennyrile Area Development District January 6, 2021 Page 3 of 3

with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Callbun & Company
Hopkinsville, Kentucky

January 6, 2021

PENNYRILE AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of Auditor's Report Issued Unmodified

Internal Control Over Financial Report:

Material Weakness(es) Identified?

Significant Deficiency(ies) Identified That

are not Considered to be Material Weaknesses?

None Reported

Noncompliance Material to Financial Statements Noted?

Federal Awards

Internal Control Over Major Programs:

Material Weakness(es) Identified?

Significant Deficiency(ies) Identified That

are not Considered to be Material Weaknesses?

None Reported

Type of Auditor's Report Issued on Compliance for

Major Programs: Unmodified

Audit Findings Disclosed that are Required to be Reported

in Accordance with Section 2 CFR 200.516(a)? None Reported

Identification of Major Programs:

CFDA #10.767 – Intermediary Relending Program

Aging Cluster

CFDA #93.044 – Title III Part B – Support Services

CFDA #93.045 – Title III Part C – Nutrition Services

CFDA #93.053 – Nutrition Services Incentive

Dollar Threshold Used to Distinguish Between Type A

and Type B Programs: \$750,000

Auditee Qualified as Low-Risk Auditee? Yes

PENNYRILE AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS, CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

No Matters Were Reported.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No Matters Were Reported.