When Grace Pulls Back • Revelation 8

INTRODUCTION • vs. 1-5 • Can't See the Forest

1. There's an old expression that applies well to the study of Revelation:

"You can't see the forest for the trees."

- 2. The idea is You get so distracted by details you can't see the bigger picture.
- 3. You've heard of the style of art popular in Europe during the 19th C called *Impressionism*.
 - a. Claude Monet & Eduoard Manet were the 2 most famous *French* Impressionists.
 - b. The *early* Impressionists used *bold* brush strokes; large dashes of color.
 - c. *Later* Impressionists made much smaller stroke & dots.
 - d. Georges Seurat (George Serah) used a technique called **Pointillism**.
 - 1) Using a tiny brush, he put a dot of color on a huge canvas.
 - 2) Up close, all your eye sees is a mass of colored dots.
 - 3) But when you back up to view the whole canvas, the dots *merge* into a beautiful painting Sunday Afternoon on the Island of La Grande Jatte [La Grahnd Zhaht]
- 4. That's the challenge we face with the Book of Revelation.
 - a. We can lose sight of the larger message & theme by **isolating** John's various visions.
 - b. So let's begin today by *taking a step back* to consider the theme of this book.
- 5. Revelation reminds us God is sovereign over History.
 - a. History is *His Story*.
 - b. While people are indeed *free to make their own choices*, God has both the power & wisdom to steer the events of history toward the end He's ordained.
- 6. This Book reveals that the rebellion begun thousands of years ago in Eden will be put down.
 - a. Jesus reclaimed humanity's lost dominion & has redeemed Earth.
 - b. He will come again to reclaim what rightfully belongs to Him.
 - c. But when He does, rebel mankind in league w/the devil resist His takeover.
 - d. So as Jesus closes escrow, He evicts the **squatters**, the "**earth-dwellers**" as John repeatedly calls them.
- 7. Another way to think of the judgments John describes in Revelation is this ...
 - a. Though humanity as a whole has rejected God ever since Eden, God continues to pour out His grace on the Earth.
 - b. He launches the plan to redeem man by bring the Messiah.
 - c. And He continues to shower the Earth with goodness in the rain & sun.
 - d. The PROOF God's grace has been at work is that ever since the Fall in Eden, people have forsaken their rebellion & turned TO God.
- 8. But what we see in Revelation is when God gives humanity what it's wanted all along; a world without Him.
- 9. God progressively **pulls back His grace** to let humanity see what life & Earth is like without it.
- 10. Like waves at the beach, John sees judgment coming in 3 sets.
 - a. The breaking of 7 seals, the sounding of 7 trumpets, & the pouring out of 7 bowls.
 - b. The point is, as we look at these things, don't get lost in the details.
 - c. Remember the theme = Jesus is closing escrow. He's evicting the squatters who've trashed Earth.
 - d. And once He's reclaimed Earth, He's going to remake it into the Paradise He always intended it to be.

Vs. 1-5

¹ When He opened the 7^{th} seal, there was silence in heaven for about half an hour.

- 1. Till now John's visions of heaven have been marked by a lot of loud sound.
 - a. God's voice was like a mighty waterfall. [1:15]
 - b. Angels make loud pronouncements. [4:1; 5:2; 11-12; 6:1]
 - c. The hosts of heaven continually worship round God's throne. [4:8-11; 7:11-12]
- 2. Now, as the last seal is broken on the TD to Earth, there's **silence**.
 - a. Great composers use silence when writing music to build tension.
 - b. As we listen to a tune & a rest comes, something inside us is eager & anxious for it to resolve; to finish.

- 3. That's what's happening here.
 - a. With the breaking of each of the previous 6 seals, momentous things have followed in both Heaven & Earth.
 - b. With this last seal, we expect things to resolve. But they don't.
- 4. John says this silence lasted for about a half hour.
 - a. That doesn't seem long if we're thinking about the whole scope of history, but ... [wait]
 - b. That pause was just a few seconds; yet it was awkward / unsettling.
- 5. This half hour of silence comes because a dramatic change is about to occur IN History.
 - a. The judgments that follow make clear to everyone on Earth that God's wrath has come.
 - b. As we'll see, Creation *turns on man*. Everything goes haywire.
- 6. Opinion: I think this marks the *mid-point of the Trib* & that's why there's this half hr of silence.
 - a. The Trib lasts 7 yrs, & the 1^{st} ½ f it is marked by relative peace & prosperity under the reign of the Antichrist. That's why billions follow him.
 - b. But prophecy is clear, 3½ yrs. in Everything changes.
 - c. When the antichrist declares himself God and demands worship, Heaven declares war on him & his allies.
- 7. So while the entire 7 yrs is called The Trib, the *last half* is called the *Great* Tribulation.
- ² And I saw the 7 angels who stand before God, and to them were given 7 trumpets.
- 8. John introduces angels as if we know who they are.
- a. The Jews said there were 7 arch-angels.
 - 1) Arche = ruler / prince.
 - 2) Jewish tradition anmed them Uriel, Raphael, Raguel, Michael, Saragael, Gabriel, & Remiel.
 - b. Interesting that in Luke 1:19, Gabriel told Mary "I am Gabriel, who stands in the presence of God."
 - c. That's most likely who John means here the archangels.
- 9. They're each given a trumpet; in this case, they announce war.
 - a. They didn't have radios on the ancient battlefield.
 - b. Generals directed their troops by a system of flags & trumpets.
 - c. That's what these trumpets are for; they call creation to rise up against the antichrist & his rebel allies.
- 10. Before they sound John sees -
- ³ Then another angel, having a golden censer, came and stood at the altar. He was given much incense, that he should offer *it* with the prayers of all the saints upon the golden altar which was before the throne. ⁴And the smoke of the incense, with the prayers of the saints, ascended before God from the angel's hand. ⁵Then the angel took the censer, filled it with fire from the altar, and threw *it* to the earth. And there were noises, thunderings, lightnings, and an earthquake.
- 11. The temple in Jerusalem was patterned after Heaven
 - a. In the temple, right before the veil that led into the Holy of holies, was a small golden incense altar.
 - b. Every morning & evening a priest replenished the coals & incense so that it was always burning before the veil.
 - c. As the smoke rose, it was a symbol of the prayers of God's people that rise continually before His throne.
- 12. Now John sees the real golden altar in heaven.
 - a. An angel puts incense on the altar, and as the smoke rises, he scoops up some of the coals and incense.
 - b. This censer wasn't the thing we're familiar with; a metal cup hanging from a chain. That came much later.
 - c. **This** was a shallow cup on the end of a pole; like a shovel.
- 13. The angel scoops up a mixture of coals & incense, & hurls it to Earth.
 - a. Prayers have **gone up** before God, now they're being **returned**.
 - b. They not *rejected*; they're *answered*. What goes up, must come down.
 - c. The noises, thunderings, lightnings, & earthquake of v5 are a brief *summary* of the trumpets about to sound.

Vs. 6-7 = The 1^{st} Trumpet

⁶ So the 7 angels who had the 7 trumpets prepared themselves to sound. ⁷ The 1st angel sounded: And hail and fire followed, mingled with blood, and they were thrown to the earth. And a 3rd of the trees were burned up, and all green grass was burned up.

- 1. The 1st trumpet is a *judgment on vegetation*.
- 2. There are some commentators who make these trumpet judgments *purely symbolic*.
 - a. They deny this is a *literal judgment* upon Earth's vegetation.
 - b. There are 2 big problems in making these things symbolic.
 - 1) John describes several of these trumpet judgments in ways that send us back to the *Plagues of Egypt*.
 - a) In the 7th plague, all the vegetation of Egypt was hammered by hail & fire.
 - b) That was a literal plague, not symbolic!
 - c) No Hebrew could comfort an Egyptian farmer that had just lost his crops to a massive hailstorm by saying, "Oh, don't cry. It's all just symbolic."
 - 2) Let's suppose these things are symbolic. The question becomes **Symbolic of WHAT?**
 - a) If "earth, trees, & grass" don't mean earth, trees, & grass, what DO they mean?
 - b) Now we're in a place where interpreting these things is a grab bag of sheer conjecture."
- 3. Now, I don't know what hail & fire mixed w/blood means.
 - a. But in the 7th plague of Egypt, God used a fierce hail and lightening storm.
 - b. Since John uses terms that connect the 2 judgments, we ought to understand this judgment the same way.
 - c. God brings it, but uses the forces of nature to affect it.

Vs. 8-9 • The 2nd Trumpet

⁸Then the 2nd angel sounded: And *something* like a great mountain burning with fire was thrown into the sea, and a 3rd of the sea became blood. ⁹And a 3rd of the living creatures in the sea died, and a 3rd of the ships were destroyed.

- 1. That's reminiscent of the 1st Plague. The waters of the Nile were turned to blood.
- 2. John sees something **LIKE** a great mountain burning with fire thrown into the sea.
 - a. **Exactly what** he saw he didn't have a word for.
 - b. The best he could describe it was like a burning mountain.
 - 1) We can only speculate what it will be. >> Is it a meteorite or comet?
 - 2) Could it be a massive oil leak like the Deepwater Horizon that ignites?
 - 3) Does a nuclear power plant like Fukushima in 2011 spill into an ocean?
 - c. Whatever it is, the oceans are so polluted a 3rd are incapable of supporting life.
 - d. A 3rd of shipping is wiped out.
- 3. Just think of the effect these 1st 2 trumpets has on the global economy!

Vs. 10-11 • The 3rd Trumpet

¹⁰Then the 3rd angel sounded: And a great star fell from heaven, burning like a torch, and it fell on a 3rd of the rivers and on the springs of water. ¹¹The name of the star is Wormwood. A 3rd of the waters became wormwood, and many men died from the water, because it was made bitter.

- 1. While the 2^{nd} trumpet poisons the *oceans*, the 3^{rd} poisons the world's supply of *fresh* water.
- 2. John sees a great star fall from heaven called "Wormwood"
 - a. Wormwood was an extremely bitter plant.
 - b. The way John describes this, it looks like a comet that instead of hitting in one place, explodes and scatter pollution over a large area poisoning lakes & rivers.
- 3. We're having a drought in CA right now & earnestly praying for rain.
 - a. But we're still able to go to the tap and turn on water any time we want it.
 - b. What would happen in a place like VC if we turned on the tap and no water came out, or the water that did made people so ill some died?

- c. What kind of chaos & mayhem would ensue?
- 4. Now, multiply that over a 3rd of the world's surface!
- 5. May I suggest? Don't be here.

V. 12 • The 4th Trumpet

¹²Then the 4th angel sounded: And a 3rd of the sun was struck, a 3rd of the moon, and a 3rd of the stars, so that a 3rd of them were darkened. A 3rd of the day did not shine, and likewise the night.

- 1. This reminds us of the 9th Plague of Egypt, when **thick darkness** covered the land.
- 2. While the previous 3 judgment are on Earth, this is in the skies.
- 3. Something happens in the atmosphere that dims the light of the sun, moon & stars by a 3rd.
 - a. The preceding judgments could kick up enough smoke & debris to cause this.
 - b. Since light has been reduced by a 3rd, 8 hrs of every day are total darkness.

V. 13 • A Warning!

1. As bad as these 1st 4 trumpets are, the last 3 are **worse** -

¹³ And I looked, and I heard an angel flying through the midst of heaven, saying with a loud voice, "Woe, woe, woe to the inhabitants of the earth, because of the remaining blasts of the trumpet of the 3 angels who are about to sound!"

CONCLUSION

- 1. With the 1st 4 trumpet-judgments, a <u>third</u> of the trees, seas, fresh water, & light will be judged; **not ALL of** them $2/3^{rds}$ are left.
- 2. In other words, God *spares* more than He *smites*.
- 3. See? God *draws down the grace* He's shown humanity since time began.
- 4. He doesn't *curtail* grace altogether, but He does begin to withdraw it so people can see what life is like without Him.
 - a. They're headed toward an eternity without a shred of grace –
 - b. So He begins to back it out that they might realize their destiny if they don't repent & turn in faith to Him.
- 5. All we need to do to see the God's protection is to look at the *surface* of the Moon.
 - a. What do you see? Craters; massive ones!
 - b. And the Moon is right there, *next* to Earth.
 - c. Why isn't the face of our planet pocked by such craters?
 - d. You might say, "The atmosphere burns meteors up."
 - e. Right but Who **put** that atmosphere there? God.
 - f. One day, in answer t humanity's long rebellion & rejection of God, He will give them what they want.
 - g. His protection will be withdrawn & nature will strike back at man who's subjected it to the curse.
- 6. We've already seen in chs 6&7, w/each round of judgment, some DO turn to God. But most don't.
- 7. How is it 2 people can look at the same thing and come to such radically different conclusions?
 - a. The same sun that melts wax, hardens clay.
 - b. And the same judgments that move some to faith in God will harden the rest against Him.

Pompeii

- 1. On Oct. 24th 79 AD, Mt Vesuvius on the west coast of Italy erupted.
- 2. Thousands of people in the cities of Pompeii & Herculaneum were killed by the intense heat, toxic gas & ash.
- 3. The ash fell so fast & thick it preserved the cities till the 18th C when archaeologists began excavations.
- 4. Hundreds of human remains have been found as if frozen in whatever they were doing 2000 years ago.
- 5. When Vesuvius blew, it made no distinction between rich & poor, men & women, old & young.
- 6. The tragedy is that these people didn't have to die.
 - a. Scientists have confirmed what ancient writers recorded.
 - b. For weeks **before** the eruption, tremors shook the ground & the mountain rumbled.
 - c. Just days prior, an ominous plume of smoke ascended into the sky.

- d. The mountain was warning the people of Pompeii & Herculaneum, but they paid it no mind.
- 7. The Bible foretells what's coming.
 - a. And now we see global politics, economics, & technology all in place for a *literal* fulfillment of things forecast long ago.
 - b. The stage has been set for the grand drama called the End Times.
 - c. The curtain is about to rise.