Beware! - Philippians 3:1-11

I. INTRODUCTION

- A. Read vs. 8-11
- B. Insecticide
 - 1. Ants are incredibly hardy creatures. Some species are difficult to get rid of.
 - 2. Most insecticides only kill the ones they contact while the colony remains unfazed.
 - 3. So exterminators use a *different* tactic. They leave poisoned food around the nest.
- a. Worker ants pick it up & take it back to the queen.
- b. Over a few days she's slowly poisoned & lays no more eggs.
- c. Soon there aren't enough workers to transport food to the colony & it dies.
 - 4. The food the ants were eating has starved them to death.
 - 5. That same process occurs **spiritually** when false teaching infects the Church.
 - 6. Specially with a particular type of false teaching Paul warns about in our passage today.

II. TEXT

A. V. 1

Finally, my brethren, rejoice in the Lord. For me to write the same things to you *is* not tedious, but for you *it is* safe.

- 1. Paul proves himself a true preacher when he says, "Finally." This is only the middle of the letter!
- 2. I've heard many preachers say "In conclusion" then go on for another 15 mins.
- 3. That's why when I say it, it **really is** the closing of the message.
- a. I figure once I say "Finally" you give me no more than a few minutes to end it.
- b. If I go longer than that, I've lost you.
 - 4. 2 women who'd known each other in high school met in the store one day after not seeing each other for a few years. They took a few minutes to catch up.
- a. They found out both had come to faith & were going to different churches.
- b. One woman said, "I just love my pastor; he's so smart. He could talk for an **hour** on **anything**."
- c. The other woman said, "That's nothing. My pastor often talks for *two* hours on *nothing*."
 - 5. Paul says "Finally" because he's finished the **main** things he wanted to tell them.
 - 6. He has a few minor things he wants to pass along before signing off.
 - 7. The first is "**Rejoice in the Lord**."
- a. **Delight** in Him. // **Celebration** ought to be a part of the normal Christian life.
- b. A *depressed* Christian ought to be an oxymoron.
- c. We can rejoice because we are loved by a good God & have the sure hope of heaven.
 - 8. Then he says "to write the same things to you is not tedious, rather it's safe"
- a. Another thing Paul wanted to tell them before signing off was to watch out for false teachers.
- b. He'd warned them **before**. But he knows he needs to **remind** them because it's easy to forget.
 - 9. This [brain] is a amazing *forgetery*.
- a. I regularly forget where I put my keys.
- b. I forget important dates. I've even forgotten my age.
- c. There are times when I'll walk into the garage to do something, but when I get there forget what it was.
- d. I have to go back to the kitchen to remember what it was I went into the garage for.
 - 10. God repeats Himself often in the Bible; not to make it a big book, but because **repetition is crucial to learning**.
 - 11. The average length of time a pastor in the USA stays in the same church is only 2 years.
- a. Many pastors have an inventory of enough sermons to cover 2 years.
- b. Then they move to **another church** where they preach them over again.
 - 12. The pastor who stays in the same church for a long time faces a challenge to keep his messages fresh & engaging.
- a. Our culture just *loves the new thing*.
- b. The marketing industry knows this. That's why they're forever making **new** models & products with the label = "New & Improved."
- c. This longing for novelty has infected the Church.
- d. Many Christians are always on the lookout for the new thing God is doing.

- e. They get fidgety when they hear something they've heard before.
 - 13. I've been pastoring here for close to 30 years & know the pressure to be novel.
- a. The holidays are specially difficult because how many different ways can you preach about Christmas or Easter?
- b. As great as the desire is to teach something new, I know how important it is to **constantly return to** the core truths of the Faith & remind you of them.
- c. Let's not forget that what's **repetition for some** is **new to others**.
- d. And even if we've heard it before, we need to be **reminded** of it because we **DO** forget.
 - 14. I'd rather repeat the things that make us strong & safe & be called tedious,

Than lay out new things that tickle ears but don't deepen us in the Faith.

- 15. I want to encourage you to embrace the value of repetition.
- a. If you find yourself saying, "Oh yeah, I remember hearing this,"
- b. Follow it up with this, "Am I living it?" Or have you forgotten it?
 - 16. If someone says to you, "Let's get a burrito after church." You don't say, "On no I had a burrito years ago. I don't need another."
 - 17. Now! One of the things we need to be reminded of is *to be on the lookout for false teachers*.
- B. Vs. 2-3
- ² Beware of dogs, beware of evil workers, beware of the mutilation! ³ For we are the circumcision, who worship God in the Spirit, rejoice in Christ Jesus, & have no confidence in the flesh,
 - 1. Paul has a specific group of false teachers in mind.
- a. He refers to some **spiritual parasites** known as **Judaizers**. They were **legalists** who said spiritual growth came by keeping the Jewish Law
 - 1) Things like circumcision, keeping the Sabbath & eating a strict kosher diet.
 - 2) Legalists are all about rules & rituals.
 - 3) They've figured God out & know exactly **what** to do & **how** to do it so they can secure the best spots in heaven.
- b. These Judaizers followed Paul around, creeping into churches he'd planted.
- c. They waited till he moved on, then snuck in to sway new believers to their brand of religion.
- d. They couldn't spread their silliness while Paul was there because he would have unmasked their error.
- e. So they waited till he was gone then snuck in to stage their campaign of deception.
- f. They told new Gentile Christians if they wanted to **really please God**, if they wanted to go **DEEP** in spiritual things, they needed to study & obey the Jewish law.
- g. They claimed Paul's Gospel was a good *start*, but only that *a start*.
- h. True godliness, they claimed, was based on good works; & the harder they were, the more merit they earned.
 - 2. Their message had no *traction* with unbelievers because it sounded like every other man-made religion which says what you *do* saves you.
 - 3. The Gospel of Christ Paul preached said it's **not** what we do but what Jesus **DID** that saves us.
- a. Salvation is **all of grace**. It's a gift we can't earn **only** receive by faith.
- b. Any attempt to *earn* salvation, *cancels* grace.
- c. But the Judaizers tried to **mix** work & grace.
 - 4. So Paul calls them dogs = mutts.
- a. They weren't pure-bred; they're theological mutts;
- b. Trying to mix things that *can't* be mixed Truth w/ error; works w/ grace.
 - 5. When Paul says, "Beware of dogs" don't picture your pet Fifi. Dogs weren't pets.
- a. They were vicious, diseased curs that traveled in packs, scavenging the streets & garbage dumps.
- b. When people saw them coming they got out of the way.
- c. Being bitten by a dog was dreaded because it often meant a painful death.
 - 6. When Paul called the Judaizers 'dogs' the Philippians knew precisely how they were to deal with them:
- a. Stay away from them.
- b. Be on guard lest they be *infected* by their dangerous & diseased lies.
 - 7. Paul says "Beware of evil workers" because far from the works the false teachers advocated being good, they were evil because they moved people from God's grace to self-effort.
 - 8. Paul makes it crystal he was referring to Judaizers when he calls them the **mutilation**.

- a. It's a reference to *circumcision*, which had *no merit* for Gentiles in earning them brownie points with God.
- b. On the contrary, Paul disparages it as nothing more than disfigurement.
- c. **Jesus** saves **not** circumcision. // Or keeping the Sabbath. // Or eating kosher.
- d. But let's not stop there because the principle extends beyond the works the Judaizers taught.
- e. There are legalists in the Church *today* who say the way of salvation is marked by strict rules & regulations.
 - 1) You have to go to church. // You have to pray so many hours a day.
 - 2) You must give so much. // You have to pray the rosary.
 - 3) You have to wear an officially approved wardrobe.
 - 4) You must jump thru all these religious hoops.
 - 9. The Judaizers thought **physical** circumcision was an requirement to enter heaven.

Paul says the only cutting that pleases God isn't done on the body; it's a far deeper work done in the heart.

- a. It isn't made by a **blade in a man's hand**.
- b. It's done by the **sword of the Spirit** when we put our trust in Christ alone & die to self.
 - 10. The worship we give God isn't comprised of religious rules regarding foods, festivals, & special places.
- a. We worship God anywhere, anytime.
- b. We worship Him in every way because He has our hearts & minds.
 - 11. We boast, not in the good we've done, but in what Jesus has done & continues to do by His Spirit.
 - 12. Paul turns the tables on the legalists in v. 4 & takes them on, on their own ground.
 - 13. Reading this we see **why** the Judaizers didn't want to face Paul. He **annihilates** their position.
- C. Vs. 4-6
- ⁴ though I also might have confidence in the flesh. If anyone else thinks he may have confidence in the flesh, I more so: ⁵ circumcised the eighth day, of the stock of Israel, *of* the tribe of Benjamin, a Hebrew of the Hebrews; concerning the law, a Pharisee; ⁶ concerning zeal, persecuting the church; concerning the righteousness which is in the law, blameless.
 - 1. Paul says to the Judaizers, "I'm no Johnny-come-lately to this thing of trying to earn my way to heaven.
 - If you want to compare, see how you stack up against my list of accomplishments."
 - 2. Then he gives his credentials . . .
- a. He came from a godly home that raised him according to the strictest rules.
- b. He was a Jew thru & thru, by birth, blood, & training.
- c. Regarding the law, prior to his conversion to Christ, Paul was a member of the ultra-strict Pharisees. These guys were super-legalists!
 - 1) They were the hard-core religious fundamentalists.
 - 2) If religious rule-keeping were an Olympic sport, the Pharisees would take Gold, Silver & Bronze.
- d. Regarding Paul's personal passion for his religion, he'd seen the followers of Christ as a dangerous sect that had to be uprooted & wiped out.
- e. Then, as a last twist of the knife, Paul says that as far as thinking right standing with God came by keeping the law, *he was without blame*.
 - 4. Now, that would be mere bragging were it not for the fact that Paul made these claims knowing his reputation before coming to faith in Christ was well-known both within & without the church.
- a. None of this could be disputed.
- b. Regarding the outward expression of the Jewish Law Paul had lived *faultlessly*.
- D. Vs. 7-9

⁷ But what things were gain to me, these I have counted loss for Christ. ⁸ Yet indeed I also count all things loss for the excellence of the knowledge of Christ Jesus my Lord, for whom I have suffered the loss of all things, & count them as rubbish, that I may gain Christ ⁹ & be found in Him, not having my own righteousness, which *is* from the law, but that which *is* through faith in Christ, the righteousness which is from God by faith;

- 1. One day on the outskirts of Damascus, as Paul was making his way there to continue the persecution of believers, Jesus appeared to him & showed him his error.
- 2. In that instant, Paul realized the *righteousness that saves* isn't something we obtain by our good deeds.
- a. His entire life of trying to be **good enough** to pass God's inspection could **NEVER**, lift him over the bar

into salvation.

- b. So he laid it down, set it aside. As he says here, he *counted it as loss*.
- c. Because he discovered **God's way of salvation** was so much better!
- d. Paul realized what you & I must realize Salvation isn't a prize we earn or win.
- e. It's a *gift* God gives those who believe in Jesus.
 - 3. Look at it here in v. 9 -
- ⁹ & be found in Him, not having my own righteousness, which *is* from the law, but that which *is* through faith in Christ, the righteousness which is from God by faith;
- a. Either we stand before God in *our* righteousness based on how well we've kept the law.
- b. Or we stand before Him in the perfect righteousness of Christ by faith.
 - 4. Whose righteousness are you counting on today?
- 1) If you're trusting in your own careful! How you doing with that?
- 2) You see, there's a **set of rules** you have to live by, if you want to go that route.
- 3) You can't make up your own rules; They're God's rules you have to play by.
- 4) They're in here 10 Commandments.
 - a) No god but God.
 - b) Never used the name of God in vain.
 - c) Keep the Sabbath
 - d) Don't steal, lie, covet.
 - e) Most people think judgment works like this [balance]
 - f) Judgment is more like this [tablets]
- 5) So, if you break even one of the Commandments & you have, you have to bring a sacrifice to the temple in Jerusalem & give it to a priest to offer up on the altar to cover your sin.
- 6) You haven't done that because there is no temple; it was destroyed 2000 years ago.
- 7) The temple with all its service was meant to be a **temporary measure** until Jesus came & **completed** what the law required.
 - 5. That's what Paul realized that day outside Damascus when Jesus appeared to him.
 - 6. Have **you** realized it? The righteousness you need to be saved doesn't come **from** your works. It comes from HIS!
- a. Trust in Christ, that when He died on that cross, He paid the penalty for your sins.
- b. And that when He rose from the dead, it was with the power to give you new life.
 - 7. Don't miss what Paul is saying in vs. 7-8. There's no **mixing** works & grace. There's no **merging** our own efforts at being righteous with the gift-righteousness of Christ.
 - 8. Paul see his religious self-effort before coming to Christ as nothing more than rubbish refuse; something pathetic & embarrassing to be left & forgotten.
 - 9. In Isa. 64:6, the prophet says all our righteousness is like filthy rags.
- a. If you visit someone in the hospital, you'll see covered disposal bins in the hallways.
- b. They're where infected towels & bandages are thrown for removal to a secure site where they are treated & burned.
- c. The waste inside those bins is nasty-gross. No one would think of reusing those bandages.
- d. That's what Isaiah says our *righteousness*, *our best* is like to God toxic waste.
- e. Imagine how bad our **sin** must be in God's sight.
 - 10. The point is we can't save ourselves. Only Jesus can save us. We receive that salvation by faith in Him.
- E. Vs. 10-11
- ¹⁰ that I may know Him & the power of His resurrection, & the fellowship of His sufferings, being conformed to His death, ¹¹ if, by any means, I may attain to the resurrection from the dead.
 - 1. Whereas Paul had thrown himself into being a devoted Pharisee, now that he's come to the truth, he **abandons** himself to one all-consuming passion to know, love, & serve Jesus.
 - 2. The Gospel not only held forth the Good News of forgiveness of sins; it meant a **new life** with the power to live the kind of life he'd worked so hard for as a Pharisee.
 - 3. The good works he now performed flowed from *love* rather than *law*,

from *appreciation* rather than *ambition*.

4. He didn't do them to **gain** acceptance; he did them because he was **already** accepted.

- 5. When Paul was a religious zealot without Christ, he didn't face much opposition from the world.
- a. The devil doesn't hassle those already in his camp.
- b. He doesn't care how he gets people, whether thru gross immorality or religious morality,
 - 1) As long as they stay clear of Jesus, that's fine with him.
 - 2) There will be a lot of religious people in hell because they never trusted in Christ.
 - 3) They thought their good deeds would outweigh the bad.
- c. Paul didn't suffer the world's opposition before he was born again.
- d. But as soon as he came to faith in Christ, he knew opposition for the cause of Christ.
- e. As we saw last time, Paul wasn't bummed by suffering.
- f. He counted it as **evidence** of His new life in Christ.
 - 6. He knew that <u>when he suffered</u>, it was an invitation by the Holy Spirit to die to self & let the resurrected life of Christ live *through* him.
- III. CONCLUSION
- A. Next Week -
- B. Altar Call