MIME-Version: 1.0 Content-Type: multipart/related; boundary="----

- =_NextPart_01C7ADCA.A4CEBE00" This document is a Single File Web Page, also known as a Web Archive file. If you are seeing this message, your browser or editor doesn't support Web Archive files. Please download a browser that supports Web Archive, such as Microsoft Internet Explorer. -----
- =_NextPart_01C7ADCA.A4CEBE00 Content-Location: file:///C:/A87B92CB/ThePastor'sTask.htm Content-Transfer-Encoding: quoted-printable Content-Type: text/html; charset="us-ascii"

The Pastor's Task – Acts 20:28-31

I. INTRODUCTION – Read vs. 26-32

A. "You're the Pastor"

- 1. = Sunday morning early; the alarm goes off.
- 2. = The wife wakes & rolls over but her husband doesn't stir.
- 3. = She says, "Hun, time to get up." He just moans.
- 4. = She pulls the covers back & pokes him in the shoulder.
- 5. = He pulls the covers back up & over his head.
- 6. = She says, "C'mon hun—we have to get up & get ready or church."
- 7. = From under the covers he says, "No! I'm not going."
- 8. = She says, "Why? Are you sick?"
- 9. = He says, "No, I just don't want to go today."
- 10. Puzzled, sh= e asks, "Why?"
- 11. He says, &#= 8220;I don't like our church. The music's bad. The service is too long. The sermon's boring. And besides, those people don't like me. I don't want to go."
- 12. She waited = a few seconds then said, "But you have= to go; you're the pastor!"

B. Today's Pastor

- 1. = Being a pastor today is a challenging proposit= ion because it's come to mean so many different things to different peopl= e.
- 2. = Several years ago, a poll was conducted of church members to find out what they exp= ected of a pastor.

- a. The results were interesting. Summarizing their findings the research said R= 11;
- b. A pastor should preach no more than 15 minutes.
- c. He condemns sin but never makes anyone uncomfortable.
- d. He works from 8 AM until 10 PM; studying, counseling, praying, doing visitatio= ns, & taking care of the janitorial needs of the church.
- e. He makes \$500 a month, wears good clothes, drives a new car, & gives \$50 a week to the poor.
- f. He's 32 years old & has been preaching for 25 years.
- g. He's handsome, stands 6 ft. 2 inches tall, but is never intimidating.
- 1) He's slender not skinny, but also large without being overweight.
- 2) He parts his hair down = the middle; one side is straight & blond, the other is dark & curly.
- h. He loves to work with children & youth, & spends many hours with senio= rs.
- i. He makes 15 calls a day on church members, shut-ins, & hospital patients, = but he's always in his office when needed.
- 3. = The report finished with this humorous conclusion:
- If your pastor does not meas= ure up to this profile of the perfect pastor,= send this description to 6 other churches that are tired of their pastor. T= hen send your pastor to the church at the top o= f the list. In one week you'll receive 1,643 pastors. One of them should be perfect.

C. Set the Scene

- 1. = Paul is returning to Jerusalem at the conclusion of his 3^{rd} missionary trip.
- 2. = As he sailed eastward, he stopped at the port of Miletus & called the elde= rs of the church in Ephesus about 40 miles north, to come to him.
- 3. = When they arrive, he gives them a farewell address.
- a. He knows he will not see them again.

- b. So in an emotion-filled speech, he gives his last words to these men he'd poured 3 years of his life in to.
- 4. = First he calls them to remember the example he'd left them as leaders.
- a. Paul knew difficult days were ahead for both him & them.
- b. God repeatedly warned Paul of the trials that would come to him in Jerusalem.
- c. False teachers would use his arrest & imprisonment as grounds for attacking h= is ministry.
- d. So Paul called the Ephesians elders to remember what kind of a person he'= ;d been & how he'd conducted himself throughout the 3 years he'= ;d been there.
- 5. = Then he turns in vs. 28-31 to tell them what they were to be about as leaders of the church.

II. TEXT

A. Vs. 28

²⁸ Therefore take heed to yourselves and to all the flock, among which the Holy Spirit h= as made you overseers, to shepherd the church of God which He pur= chased with His own blood.

- 1. = The first thing they must do is "take heed.="
- a. That means to be diligent toward something;= focused, to be= nd all effort in one direction.
- b. It was used to describe the attitude & actions of a captain bringing his s= hip into a busy & crowded port.
- c. If you're "taking heed" to something it occupies your complete attention.
- d. It isn't one of many things you do,= it's the only thing.
- 2. = As we read on we find these elders were the = pastors of the Ephesian church which numbere= d in the thousands.
- a. They had no central meeting place; but met in homes all over the city.
- b. Elders were pastors of these home churches.
- 3. = Paul said they must embrace their calling as pas= tors & make it their own, part of their identi= ty how they defined themselves.
- 4. = They weren't weekend warriors. Their calling to pastor the church was a

- divine call, God's appointment, 24 = 1/7.
- 5. Then he said they were to exercise this diligence in= 2 directions; toward themselves, & toward the church.
- 6. = $\underline{\mathbf{First}}$ & foremost, the = pastor has to show careful attention to his own walk=, cultivating a healthy & intimate relationship with the Lord.
- a. He needs to make sure he's growing in grace & faith.
- b. For the leader can't take those he's leading any farther than he himself has gone.
- 7. = Paul begins here because he knows well the trap the full-time minister can fall in to <=/p>
- a. It's th= e trap of professionalism;
- 1) Where one's relat= ionship with God is no longer personal & intimate;
- 2) It becomes limited to j= ust what you do in the course of your ministry.
- 3) The pastor spends so mu= ch time studying the Bible preparing for sermons, he stops reading the it devotionally, for his own spiritual nourishm= ent.
- 4) He spends so much time = praying for the needs of the congregation,
- 5) He spends little just s= itting with the Spirit.
- 6) He spends so much time = & energy leading public worship,
- 7) He neglects that private pouring out of his heart to God.
- b. He becomes l= ike an ambassador living in a foreign land, telling other about how wonderful his country is, defending her interests, & persuading others to visit her –
- c. But he's so busy in his ambassadorial duties he never returns home to enj= oy the blessings of his native land.
- 8. Would you hire a gardener who= se yard was a jungle of weeds or whose lawn was dead?
- 9. Would you go to a dentist who= se teeth were rotten & yellow?
- 10. So how can a pastor expect a positive res= ponse to his ministry if his life isn't marked by the holy joy that comes o= nly by personal partaking of Christ.?
- 11. **Second**, Paul said they mus= t take heed to "all the flock=, among which the

Holy Spirit has made you overseers, to shepherd the church of God which He purchased with His own blood."

- 12. The image o= f God's people being a flock of sheep is common in scripture.
- a. The prophets often spoke of Israel as God's flock with their civil & religious leaders being the shepherds.
- b. Psalm 95:7 "He is our God, and we are the people of His pasture, the shee= p of His hand."
- c. In John 10 Jesus calls Himself the Good Shepherd= & spoke of His followers as His flock.
- d. The beloved Psalm 23 draws from this same image.
- 13. Paul tells = the Ephesian elders their diligence is to work itself out in their taking care of the fl= ock -
- a. A flock that really belongs to God, not them.
- b. He's the Chief Shepherd & the sheep are His.
- c. The elders role is as under-shepherds who tend the flock **FOR** Him.
- 14. But notice = Who made them pastors The Holy Spirit; God!
- a. They did not appoint themselves.
- b. They didn't earn the position by attending seminary.
- c. They were called by God & set in their office by divine appointment.
- 15. Their task = is as overseers, he says; guardians of God's flock.
- 16. It's to this calling they must take heed.

B. The Pastor's Job-Description

- 1. = These verses give us a job description for pastors.
- 2. = Most businesses have some kind of job description for their various positions.
- a. Whatever the job, there's a list of guidelines for what the job entails.
- b. When I worked in fast food, on every employee's first day, the first thing= we had them do was sit down, read their job description, & watch a training film.

- c. Being certified for their position meant passing a written test & showing proficiency in the specifics of their job description.
- 3. = Pastors have a ministry description it's found here.
- a. The work of a pastor isn't defined by man –
- b. It's set by God because it's His flock & the pastor works for Him.
- 4. = The pastor must remember that before he wa= s hired by a church, he was ordained & appointed by God.
- 5. = Because of the day to day complexities of ministry, it's easy for a pastor to= lose perspective on his calling & begin to try meeting the expectations of people.
- a. Since the Church Board hired him & has the power to fire him,
- b. He can easily slip into the mode of trying to make them happy, instead of doing what God has called him to.
- c. The temptation to be a mere hireling instead of a true shepherd is all too common.
- 6. = Paul reminds the Ephesians elders that they must bend all diligence toward their calling.
- a. They do that by shepherding the flock of Go= d.
- b. For us that's a bit abstract; we're not a pastoral society as they were, so what he means by shepherding = isn't so clear.
- c. For the Ephesians, it would have been crystal. They all knew what a shepherd di= d.
- 7. = His task lies in 3 things à **To Feed, Lead & Protect the fl= ock**.
- a. No more, no less. Really, this i= s all he's to do.
- b. The thing is, if he does these 3 well, the flock will be well-served & will= be healthy & grow.

C. Feed the Flock

- 1. = The first task of a pastor is to Feed the Flock.<= o:p>
- 2. = Shepherds know that the health of their sheep is directly tied to their diet, so they seek out the best pasture.
- 3. = In the same way, pastors must be diligent to provide a steady diet of God's

Word.

- 4. = That's exactly what Paul had done in the 3 years he spent in Ephesus.
- V. 27 For I have not shunned to declare to you the whole counsel of God.<=/p>
- a. As a pastor's Pastor, Paul knew the importance of a well-rounded spiritu= al diet.
- b. He didn't center his teaching just on pet = topics or scriptural hobby horses.
- c. In the years he spent in Ephesus<= /st1:City>, he'd taught through the Scriptur= es.
- 5. If a pastor spends all his time teaching just one se= ction of the Bible or just a few comfortable topics, then he's feeding the sheep an unbalanced diet. They wonR= 17;t be healthy.
- 6. = Growing up, all 3 of our kids were rather finicky eaters.
- a. If they'd had their way, they'd have had only one thing for most of their meals French fries & catsup.
- b. As parents, concerned for their health, Lynn & I knew a diet of fries would make them sickly,
- c. So we put other food before them to eat.
- d. Though they preferred fries, there were no fries so they ate what we gave them.
- e. And they grew up to be healthy & strong & thank us for the love= we showed by giving them what they NEEDED, not what they wanted.
- 7. = The children of God are often like our kids there're certain things they <= span class=3DStyleBoldItalic>love to hear about.
- a. And if they had their way, they'd ge= t a steady diet of only that.
- b. Last Days Prophecy. The wonderful blessings & promises of God. His mercy.
- c. These are the spiritual French fries most would love to stick with.
- d. But if they're all they ever got, they'd end up spiritually weak &a= mp; sickly.
- 8. = So pastors must be diligent to make sure they give a well-balanced diet of the whole counsel of God.
- a. This is why at CC we teaching expositionally **THROUGH** the Bible, book by=

book, chapter by chapter, verse by verse.

- b. We do 2 OT books, then 1 NT book, alternating through the whole Bible.
- c. When we're done, we start over again, & wi= 11 till Jesus returns.
- d. Following this patterns we've already made our= way through the Bible once & are now about half way through the second time=.
- 9. = Having said that let me also say that as the shepherd tends the sheep, he keeps a careful eye on them.
- a. If he notices there's something distress among them that can be corrected by a specialized diet, he moves them to that pasture.
- b. And so it is with the flock of God.
- c. Sometimes we go through seasons of special need, where a whole lot of folk are dealing with the same issue.
- d. When that happens, we take a break from our normal course of study to do a topic= al message or series. We consider such topical messages as spiritual vitamins that meet a specific need=.
- 1) We've had periods= of wide-spread marital trouble; so we tea= ch on marriage.
- 2) We've had seasons= of intense spiritual warfare; so we teach= on our authority in Christ and the armor of God.
- 3) We've seen times = of when there are a lot of people coming to faith; so we took a few weeks to lay a solid foundation in the basics of the faith=.
- 10. The point i= s, the pastor's goal is healthy sheep & am= p; their spiritual diet is the most crucial aspect of that.

D. Lead the Flock

- 1. = The pastor's second task is to Lead the Flo= ck.
- 2. = Along with a healthy diet, sheep need exercise.
- a. In Psalm 23 we read The Lord is my Shepherd, I shall not want,

He makes me= to lie down in green pastures.

He leads me besides the still waters.

b. If all the sheep ever do is eat & lie in green pastures, they get fat.

- c. And a fat sheep is in grave danger!
- 3. = Phillip Keller was a professional shepherd who wrote a marvelous little book titled= *A Shepherd Looks At Psalm 23*.
- a. His insights into the life of a shepherd & sheep open up Psalm 23 into a wonderful masterpiece.
- b. Of course, David, who wrote the 23rd Psalm was himself a shepherd.<=/p>
- c. Keller says that left to themselves, sheep are such = creatures of habit they'll stay in one place & so over-graze it, it = ruins the pasture for years.
- d. They'll keep going over the same trails until they're deep, muddy ruts.
- e. They'll graze until the grass is gone, then paw the dirt to dig up the roots.
- f. As their health deteriorates, parasites & diseases take hold.
- 4. = So the diligent shepherd moves the flock from pasture to pasture.
- 5. = It's no wonder God likens people to sheep. We too are creatures of habit.
- a. Many believers don't like change.
- b. But if we're going to grow, we must = change there's no growth without it.
- 6. So pastors must be diligent to keep the flock of God from becoming complacent & settling down to a religious routine that fails to stay current with the Holy Spirit.
- 7. = Remember, It's God who calls a man to be a pastor.
- a. With the call, comes all that's needed= to fulfill the call. Where God guides, He= provides.
- b. Since a pastor's task is to LEAD the flock, God gives him what he needs to = take them <u>WHERE</u> God wants th= em led à A <u>VISION</u>! When God calls, He installs.
- 8. = That vision is a heart-picture of what God wants t= he flock to become; a healthy, holy, loving, growing congregation doing= a specific work in their community.
- 9. Faithfulness in the pastoral ministry means staying on course in the pursuit of that vis= ion.
- 10. Let me stop= at this point to say that we have a vision here at Calvary Chapel.

- a. In the simplest terms, our vision is to be conformed to the image of Jesus Chr=ist.
- b. Our goal, as individuals & as a group, is to attain to the fullness of the stature of Christ.
- 1) We want to see the char= acter of Christ, characterize our lives.
- 2) We want to do His works= & speak His words.
- 3) We want His life to flow through us in such a way that when people see us, they see Jesus & are drawn into a love relationship with Him.
- 11. If you = 7;re a visitor & that vision strikes a harmonious chord within you, we want to invite you to come and be a part of that vision.

E. Protect the Flock

- 1. = The 3^{rd} task of the pastor is to Protect the Flock. Look at v. 29 -
- ²⁹ For I know this, that after my departure savage wolves will come in among you, = not sparing the flock. ³⁰ Also from among yourselves men will rise up, speaking perverse things, to draw away the disciples after themselves.
- 2. Paul is speaking both by experi= ence & by prophecy here.
- 3. = In many of the churches he'd planted, once he left, false teachers appeared &= amp; started in with their attacks.
- 4. = He knew it would happen in Ephesus.
- 5. = So he warned the elders to be on guard & watch out for false teachers. They #=8217;d come both from without & within.
- 6. = One of the greatest concerns of a shepherd is predat= ors.
- a. Wolves & wild dogs hover round the edges of the flock, waiting for the chance = to make off with a lamb.
- b. Lions & other large carnivores see sheep as easy pickins'.
- 7. So a good shepherd keeps a sh= arp eye out to protect his flock.
- a. His diligence is enough to keep the wolf a= t bay.
- b. But lions are more bold & attack even = when he's watching.
- c. So he intervenes with the tools of his tr= ade.

- 1) The rod was a deadly weapon in the hand of a ski= lled shepherd.
- 2) The slin= g could really put the hurt on.
- d. David tells of 2 times when predators came to take from his father's flock.=
- e. But he delivered the sheep from the lion & the bear.
- f. It was that experience that emboldened him to believe he could go against a predator named Goliath when he was harassing the Flock of God, the people o= f Israel.=
- 8. Paul tells the pastors of Ephesus they must= keep watch over & protect their flocks.
- a. They face perils from without.
- 1) False teachers are like= savage wolves with one aim,
- 2) to feast on God's= people.
- b. They also face peril from within.
- 1) Some of them, the very = men Paul was speaking to that day in Mi= letus would go bad.
- 2) The power of their posi= tion would corrupt them & they would go off into destructive doctrines & practices that would bring spiritual ruin.
- 9. The same is true today.
- a. There's danger from without.
- 1) Cults, f= alse teachers, religious shysters & hucksters abound.
- 2) They hover round the ed= ge of the Church, looking for the opportunity to rush in & rip people off.
- b. There's also danger= that rises from within.
- 1) Wolves i= n sheep's clothing who appear to be a part of the flock but who have their own agenda= .
- 2) They wor= m their way into people's confidence.
- 3) Then the= y slowly start to draw people away from Truth through clever means.
- a) They sa= y things that sound godly but really just appeal to the flesh.

- b) They su= ggest those God has ordained to lead aren't as pure & holy as they could be.
- c) They pl= ant doubts in people's minds through some s= eemingly off-hand remark.
- d) It isn&= #8217;t off-hand at all; it was coldly calculated to fire a dart of doubt into their hearts.
- 10. Today'= ;s Religious Landscape is covered with ab= errant groups who're following dozens of false teachers.
- 11. Because of = the emphasis on protecting the flock Paul gives the Ephesian elders, I'm compelled t= o warn about some false teachers & groups seeking to rip people off & take them away from the flock of God.
- a. I realize mentioning names could offend some, but I make no apology.
- b. We have Biblical warrant for identifying = false teachers in **Romans 16:17**. **Paul said we're to note, mark, call attention to false teachers.**
- c. As a pastor, I'm called to protect = the flock.
- d. So when I see a wolf trying to disguise himself in a fleece, I'll point = him out & say, "See that? That's a wolf! He wants to eat you!"
- 12. The JW's, the Mormons, The Unification Church= are all heretical groups.
- 13. The International Church of God is a cult.
- 14. The Word-Faith Movement is filled with heretical teaching & many of its leaders are false prophets.
- 15. The Emerge= nt Church= began as a legitimate attempt to reform the evangelical church but it'= ;s strayed off into bizarredom.
- 16. Be cautious= of just about everything on TBN.

III. CONCLUSION

- A. Deceit
- 1. = Deceit has ever been Satan's most ready= tool.
- 2. = His first ploy was to go to Eve to question & challenge what she knew about God.
- 3. = As the followers of Christ, Who IS Truth, we ought to expect that we'll

face= a constant barrage from the devil's emissaries, seeking to turn us away from the Way.

- 4. = It's the task of the pastor to Feed the flock with the Word of Truth.
- a. To Lead them in the Way of Truth
- b. And to Warn them to stick With the Truth.<=/p>
- 5. = Look at the passion & intensity Paul had in all this in = Ephesus . . .
- ³¹ Therefore watch, and remember that for three years I did not cease to warn everyone n= ight and day with tears.
- B. My Job
- 1. = I want you to know what my job as your pastor is.
- 2. = My ministry description was not written by man. It's authored by God = 211;

To lead, feed, & protect the flock.

- 3. = One day, I'll stand before Him & give account for how I've done.
- 4. = I live & labor so that I may hear those precious words, "Well done my go= od & faithful shepherd."

-----=_NextPart_01C7ADCA.A4CEBE00 Content-Location: file:///C:/A87B92CB/ThePastor'sTask_files/header.htm Content-Transfer-Encoding: quoted-printable Content-Type: text/html; charset="us-ascii"

the pastor's task.doc • Page= - 7

Fee= d My Sheep

Fee= d My Sheep

-----=_NextPart_01C7ADCA.A4CEBE00 Content-Location: file:///C:/A87B92CB/ThePastor'sTask_files/filelist.xml Content-Transfer-Encoding: quoted-printable Content-Type: text/xml; charset="utf-8" -----=_NextPart_01C7ADCA.A4CEBE00--