Giving – 2 Corinthians 8

I. INTRODUCTION

A. Mark Twain

- 1. Though Mark Twain was a notorious skeptic, it wasn't uncommon for him to attend church.
- 2. He found most preachers boring but wrote of attending one service where he was moved by the sermon.
- 3. A couple minutes into the message he was listening intently.
- 4. The eloquent preacher was making a fine argument.
- 5. 10 minutes later, Twain decided to give \$2 in the offering.
 - a. 5 minutes after that he decided to give \$5.
 - b. But the message went on & after 30 minutes, Twain decided \$2 was enough.
 - c. At 40 minutes, \$1 seemed plenty.
 - d. At 50 minutes the message was far longer than it ought to have been & Twain decided he'd give nothing.
 - e. After an hour had passed & the message was mercifully over, when the offering came, Twain said he took a dollar out!

B. Today

- 1. As we return to our study in 2 Corinthians, we arrive at 2 chs where Paul gives instructions on giving.
- 2. A word to our *visitors* this morning: The Sunday message is drawn from the passage we're studying in our mid-week *thru* the Bible study.
 - a. We cover 2 OT books, then 1 NT book, until we've studied thru the entire Bible, then start all over again. This is our 2nd time through.
 - c. On Wednesday evenings we cover between 1 to 5 chapters, depending on where we are.
 - d. On *Sunday*, we take a closer look at a few of the verses we're covering Wednesday.
- 3. It just so happens that the section we've arrived at this morning deals with the subject of giving.
- 4. We are not like some churches & ministries who talk endlessly about money & giving.
- 5. But we are not hesitant or embarrassed about addressing the issue when we come to it in our journey through the Word.
- 6. Paul has some great insights to share with us about the role of giving in the life of the believer in our text today.

C. Context

- 1. Let me set the scene as we pick it up at v. 1.
- 2. Besides Paul's passion to win the lost to Faith in Christ, he had a couple other priorities.
 - 1) Help the poor & 2) Build unity among believers; specially between Jews & Gentiles. [1]

- 3. He saw a great way to bring these 2 priorities together by inviting Gentile churches to send relief to the poor & beleaguered Jewish believers in Jerusalem.
 - a. The church there had suffered fierce persecution with many of the Christians losing their jobs.
 - b. A famine made matters worse, so the Gentile churches took up collections & sent them as relief to their Jewish brothers & sisters by way of Paul and others.
 - c. There was some suspicion & prejudice on the part of the Jewish believers toward their Gentile brothers & Paul saw the relief as a great way to prove the love of the Gentiles to them.
 - d. In writing to the church at Rome about the relief, Paul said that the Gentiles *owed* their Jewish brothers & sisters a debt of gratitude;
 - e. After all, it was their tenacious hanging on to the Lord despite hardship that had resulted in the Romans hearing the Gospel & being saved.
- 4. As Paul wrote this, he was wrapping up his 3rd missionary journey & would soon be returning to Jerusalem.
- 5. He wanted to take with him a substantial gift to the poor saints there & had already made the need known to the churches all throughout this region.
- 6. But when his assistant Titus met up with Paul in Philippi, he told Paul the Corinthians hadn't followed through on their promise to send relief.
- 7. Titus had just come from Corinth & knew the Corinthians had neglected to give what they said they would.
- 8. So Paul penned chs. 8 & 9 to encourage them to keep their promise.

II. TEXT

A. Vs. 1-2

¹ Moreover, brethren, we make known to you the grace of God bestowed on the churches of Macedonia: ² that in a great trial of affliction the abundance of their joy and their deep poverty abounded in the riches of their liberality.

- 1. The city of Philippi, where Paul wrote 2 Corinthians, was in a region called Macedonia.
 - a. There were several churches in the cities & towns of this area.
 - b. Like Corinth, last time Paul had been in this area, he'd spoken of the collection for the needy believers of Jerusalem.
 - c. They'd responded enthusiastically as Paul's letter to the Philippians makes
- 2. They were eager to give & had collected a large gift.
- 3. What made their generosity all the more remarkable was that they were going through their own time of difficulty.
 - a. Many Christians throughout the empire were losing their jobs because they could no longer participate in their trade guilds.
 - b. These guilds were an ancient form of a labor union.
 - d. Each guild had a patron idol & guild meeting involved worshipping the idol.

- e. So, many Christians were kicked out of their guild and had lost work.
- 4. Whatever the source of trouble, the churches of Macedonia weren't flush with cash.
- 5. Paul uses words for their trial & poverty which mean it was severe & deep.
- 6. Though their circumstances were tough, the grace of God was so real to them in the midst of their trail, it produced an abundance of joy so rich & full it spilled over into the generosity of giving.
- 7. The key to understanding all Paul says about giving lies here in v. 1 where he says.

We make known to you the grace of God bestowed on the churches of Macedonia . . .

- 8. Paul used 9 different words for the gift the churches made to the needy in Jerusalem.
 - a. But the word he uses most often for it is "grace."
 - b. Paul sees the collection the churches were making for the relief as the grace of God.
 - c. Grace *had saved* them when they first put their faith in Jesus Christ.
 - d. Grace *was saving* them now as they walked in faith in Christ & were conformed to His image.
 - e. Grace was flowing through them to bring the love of God to those in need.
- 9. Here's the point: Giving is grace & grace is giving.
- 10. If you get nothing else today, get this.
- 11. The word *grace* means unmerited, unearned favor, blessing freely bestowed.
 - a. Grace is a gift; not wages, not earnings.
 - b. It's is a gift & a gift is by grace.
- 12. What so excited Paul about the Macedonians was that he could *see* the grace of God that was at work in them **BY** the collection they'd taken for the poor.
- 13. What made it all the more remarkable is that *they* were suffering & poor.
- 14. When you've experienced the grace of God, difficult circumstances aren't an excuse for not giving.
 - a. On the contrary, over the years I've discovered some of the most *generous* believers are those who give, not out of abundance but out of austerity.
 - b. Our giving ought to be centered in grace, not circumstances.
- 15. Besides, *when* are circumstances **EVER** an encouragement to give?
 - a. Many say they can't afford to give, but as soon as such & such happens, *then* they will.
 - b. Yeah-it rarely works out that way. They may have good intentions, but they don't follow through, which is exactly what the Corinthians were doing, as we'll see.
- 16. Listen → Circumstances change, but the grace of God doesn't.
- 17. As it was for the Macedonians, our giving ought to be motivated by & an expression of the grace of God.

B. Vs. 3-4

³ For I bear witness that according to *their* ability, yes, and beyond *their* ability, *they were* freely willing, ⁴ <u>imploring us</u> with much

urgency that we would receive the gift and the fellowship of the ministering to the saints.

- 1. The Macedonians weren't foolish in their gift.
- 2. They considered what they *could* give, then gave it by faith, trusting God would take care of their needs, as He promised to do.
- 3. The point Paul makes here is their enthusiasm in giving.
 - a. They gave it willingly! They weren't coerced or manipulated into giving.
 - b. I've heard a lot of appeals for money over the years.
 - 1) I've seen them on TV. I've been in the stadiums & convention halls.
 - 2) I've seen all the hype & the desperate appeals.
 - 3) I've heard the stories, the supposed "word from the Lord."
 - 4) I've been 'guilted,' threatened, cajoled, played, set up, hoodwinked.
- 4. Whenever I see someone resort to these tricks to get my money, any chance of my support is gone.
- 5. Paul was the one who'd made known the need of the poor saints in Jerusalem to the Macedonians
 - a. Having made the need known, he left their response to them & the Spirit.
 - b. He knew if what they gave wasn't motivated & measured by God's grace then it was all for nothing.
 - c. Well, the Macedonians were so stoked on grace, they literally *begged* him to take their gift.
- 6. When was the last time you heard someone say, "Can we take an offering, please?"
- 7. Because some churches have so abused the subject of giving, other churches have over-reacted & become apologetic about it.
 - a. A couple years ago at a pastor's conference in NZ I spoke at, there was a minor controversy over the right way to receive offerings.
 - b. Some said you need to pass the plate; others said you leave a box on the table where people can drop their gift.
 - c. Listen the Bible doesn't tell us one way or the other.
 - d. Several years ago, for a while, we had only a box.
 - 1) The reason WHY we didn't pass the bags but used the box was because we were reacting to the abuse some ministries have put on money.
 - 2) But after a while we were convicted about that & realized we can't let the abuse of others alter what we do.
 - 3) From some time now we've included the offering in the midst of our worship time because that's what our giving ought to be worship to God!
 - 4) It's a *celebration of & participation in* His grace.
- 8. Years ago not long after I rededicated my life to Christ, I visited a church in OC that went a bit too far with what Paul says here & in ch., 9 were he speaks of giving to the Lord cheerfully.
 - a. The word there for cheerful is literally, hilarity.
 - b. So this church had the routine of when it was time for the offering, the worship leader would say, "Now it's time to give!"
 - c. Everyone would jump to their feet & begin shouting out 'hallelujahs' &

- 'glorys' & all manner of hullaballoo!
- d. I'd heard about this church & their reaction to the offering so I looked around; yeah—they were loud but they didn't really look all that excited or enthusiastic.
- 9. See that kind of hyped-up emotionalism is not at all what the Macedonians were about.
- 10. If it was, Paul would have told them to knock it off.
- 11. They simply counted it a privilege to be channels of God's grace & were eager to be used by Him.

C. Vs. 5-9

⁵ And not *only* as we had hoped, but they <u>first</u> gave themselves to the Lord, and *then* to us by the will of God.

- 1. What so blessed Paul wasn't *just* the amazing generosity of the Macedonians, but what *he'd learned* by their example.
- 2. You see, the Macedonians *understood* giving; they totally 'got-it.'
 - a. Because giving was about grace, & grace about giving,
 - b. They realized what God was looking for wasn't their money, their stuff, even their time.
 - c. He wanted <u>THEM</u>. So that's what they'd given.
 - d. When they each contributed their gift, they didn't drop in a denarius or two, then go away with the attitude, "Okay, I gave my part, I paid my dues, now the rest is mine to do with as I please."
 - e. When they gave, whatever amount it was, their mindset was, "That's me."
 - f. THAT'S why they were so generous!
- 3. Let's put ourselves in their place. We're thinking, "When the offering is taken, what I give is a token, a symbol of all I am all God's grace has done, is doing, & will do in me."
 - a. Now, when the bag comes by What will you give?
 - b. Some change & the lint that's collected at the bottom of your pocket?
 - c. Hey, if like the widow's mite that's all you have, then that's generous.
 - d. But if you make in the upper 5 digits per year—does a wadded up dollar bill really represent you?
- 4. Personal confession time: Before I understood grace-giving as we find it here, my giving usually went like this . . .
 - a. I never thought about it outside of church.
 - b. But I was reminded of it when I went to church and they announced it was time for the offering.
 - c. I didn't want the usher or anyone in my row to think I was a miser, so, I discreetly pulled out my wallet & looked in for a \$1 bill.
 - d. I would then pull it out & wad it up so the denomination couldn't be seen.
 - e. I needed something to put in the plate, but I didn't want anyone to see ho much; I wanted them to think I was giving at least a 20.
 - f. If it was one of those days when all I had was a 10 or 20 in my wallet, *oh* it hurt
 - g. I still gave it, albeit reluctantly.
- 5. How I wish someone had sat down next to be back then, opened my Bible to

this verse, had me read it then explained that God doesn't *want* my money; He wants *me*!

- a. God doesn't *need* my money! *I need* to give it.
- b. In fact, I need to give *enough* of it that it <u>keeps</u> me dependent on Him.

⁶ So we urged Titus, that as he had begun, so he would also complete this grace in you as well.

- 6. When Paul sent his assistant Titus to Corinth with the previous letter, he asked him to check on the collection the Corinthians had promised a year before.
 - a. When Titus met up with Paul in Philippi, he reported that the Corinthians had done nothing.
 - b. Not only was this 'no bueno' on their part, it was all the more obvious in comparison to the generosity of the Macedonians who were having a tough time.
 - c. Things in Corinth were much better for the believers but they'd done less.
- 7. That's why Paul uses the Macedonians as an example to the Corinthians.
 - a. He wasn't trying to provoke competition or shame them.
 - b. He was simply giving the Corinthians an example of the generosity grace produces in a believer.
- ⁷ But as you abound in everything—in faith, in speech, in knowledge, in all diligence, and in your love for us—see that you abound <u>in this grace</u> also.
- 8. The grace of giving.
- ⁸ I speak not by commandment, but I am testing the sincerity of your love by the diligence of others.
- 9. This is important! Paul is **NOT** demanding they give.
 - a. If he commanded it then it wouldn't be grace.
 - b. Remember, grace is giving & giving is grace.
- 10. So while he would never command or demand they give he could with utmost confidence show them through the example of the Macedonians that **grace produces generosity**.
- ⁹ For you know the grace of our Lord Jesus Christ, that though He was rich, yet for your sakes He became poor, that you through His poverty might become rich.
- 11. Paul drew on a truth that framed the thinking of those early believers: The goal of a disciple is to be just like the rabbi.
- 12. He's referring to the incarnation, where Jesus laid aside the glory & majesty of heaven to wrap Himself in humble flesh, live a life of physical poverty and die an ignominious death—all so that we could gain the glory & majesty of heaven.
- 13. Jesus was all about grace, from first to last. So He gave the most more than anyone in history.
- 14. I say it again Grace is giving and giving is grace.
- 15. John 3:16: God so love the world He $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$? \rightarrow GAVE!
- D. Vs. 10-12
- ¹⁰ And in this I give advice:

- 1. He won't command them to give, but he will make a suggestion . . . It is to your advantage not only to be doing what you began and were desiring to do a year ago; ¹¹ but now you also <u>must complete the doing of it;</u> that as there was a readiness to desire it, so there also may be a completion out of what you have. ¹² For if there is first a willing mind, it is accepted according to what one has, and not according to what he does not have.
- 2. He tells them it's great they'd shown such eagerness a year ago to be a part of the collection for the needy.
- 3. But the proof is in the pudding, as they say.
- 4. If they were *genuinely* willing & their hearts were in the right place, they'd follow through & give what they promised.
- 5. *Intention* means nothing if there's no follow through.
- 6. I can't go to a stock-broker tomorrow & say, "Back in the Summer of 2004 I *intended* to buy 100 shares of Google. I never got around to it, but I just knew it would be a good investment. So what do ya' say? How about cashing me out for that 100 shares?"
- 7. He'd call security & have me removed as a loon!
- 8. Jesus gave us important guidance when He said, "Do not lay up for yourself treasure on earth where they can decay, diminish, & get stolen. Instead, lay of treasure in heaven, where it will endure." [Matthew 6:19-20]
 - a. There's only one time when we can lay up treasure in heaven; right now.
 - b. We can't take it with us, but we can send it on ahead.
- 9. This is a prime day to take hold of what Paul says here about intention & follow-thru.
 - a. Being that it's the first of the year, many people make resolutions.
 - b. Christians determine to read thru the Bible, pray more, start giving regularly.
 - c. Intention is great but it means nothing without follow thru.

III. CONCLUSION

A. Giving Ourselves

Acts 11:27-30 Galatians 2:6-10