•	Ecclesiastes 2:24-25; 1 Timothy 6:17	,
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Ecclesiastes Overview & Study Guide handouts

Two key concepts in Ecclesiastes:

- 1. 'Hevel' or vapor something that can vanish quickly and leaves nothing behind.
- 2. 'Under the sun' defines the teacher's outlook, seeing life from a human perspective, not God's perspective.

"The same old thing is the same old thing"

Ecclesiastes 1:3-7

- Q. In this passage, do you sense that the teacher is either an older or younger person? Why?
- Q. What is the teachers tone in this passage?
- Q. Do you sense that the teacher wants to do their own thing or be faithful to God?

Ecclesiastes 1:3

- 1. Key Word #1: 'PROFIT' (yitron) is used ten times in Ecclesiastes. Basic meaning is 'that which is left over.'
 - o Philippians 3:7-8
- 2. Key Word #2: <u>'LABOR'</u> (amal) is used 23 times in Ecclesiastes. Basic meaning is to work to exhaustion.
 - o 1 Corinthians 15:58

TEACHERS CONCLUSIONS – from Ecclesiastes 1:4-18 Nothing is CHANGED (4–7) Nothing is NEW (8-11) Nothing is UNDERSTOOD (12–18)	
Ecclesiastes 1:4-7 - The teacher investigates those things in nature that do not change: 1. The <u>EARTH</u> (4)	
Q. How does the cycle of the earth then compare to the labor that humanity produces?	
2. The <u>SUN</u> (v. 5)	
3. The <u>WIND</u> (6) ○ John 3:8a	
4. The <u>SEA</u> (7)	
In Scripturewhere God intervened and commanded nature. Joshua 10:6-14; Isaiah 38:1–8; Exodus 14; Joshua 3-4; 1 st Kings 17; Mark 4:35–41; Revelation 6	

Summary: The Teacher missed something...

• Psalm 16:11