

# STUDY GUIDE

#### **Four Week Study Guide Overview**

#### Week 1 - Justified by Faith

- Watch Section Overview Video
- Read Through Romans 1-4 this week
- Dig deeper using the chapter recap questions.

#### Week 2 - Life Through Christ

- Watch Section Overview Video
- Read through Romans 5-8 this week
- Dig deeper using the chapter recap questions

#### Week 3 - Chosen By Grace

- Watch Section Overview Video
- Read through Romans 9-11 this week
- Dig deeper using the chapter recap questions

#### Week 4 - Life of Love

- Watch Section Overview Video
- Read through Romans 12-16
- Dig deeper using the chapter Recap Questions



#### **WEEK ONE**

#### WATCH SECTION OVERVIEW VIDEO READ THROUGH ROMANS 1-4 DIG DEEPER USING THE CHAPTER RECAPS

#### **Romans Chapter 1 Recap**

Paul was called to be an "apostle." What is an apostle, and how is it different from a disciple?
Paul also refers to himself as a "servant" of Christ. The Greek word for servant here is "doulos" (Strong's 1401). What is the meaning of that word?
Why does Paul long to visit Rome?
How does Paul describe "The Gospel of Christ" in this chapter?
The Greek word for righteousness in verse 17 is "Dikaiosyne" (Strong's G1343). Can you find out what that word means?
How is righteousness attained?

How does God reveal His invisible nature to man?
What are some of the ways that man has turned against God?
What has God done as a result of their wickedness?
What were the main points of this chapter?
My thoughts on this chapter

# **Romans Chapter 2 Recap**

How does Paul address self-righteousness at the beginning of this chapter?
What three attributes does Paul use to describe the riches of God?
How do these attributes work to lead man to repentance?
What do we learn from verse 5 about the people Paul is addressing?
What will happen on the day of judgment?
What is the difference (if any) between those who sin under the law, and those who sin without the law?
How were the Jews blaspheming the name of God?
What is circumcision symbolic of?

According to the New Testament, there are both physical and spiritual Jews. How doe one become a spiritual Jew?
What were the main points of this chapter?
My thoughts on this chapter

# **Romans Chapter 3 Recap**

If there is no partiality with God, what advantage is there of being a Jew?
How can our unrighteousness demonstrate the righteousness of God?
Throughout scripture we see wicked people being used by God to demonstrate His glory. Can you name some of them?
If their unrighteousness demonstrated God's righteousness, why should they be judged?
What argument does Paul make to prove that we are all under sin?
If the law didn't make men righteous, what purpose did it serve?
How does one become righteous?
How did God demonstrate His righteousness to us?

Has God's righteousness nullified the law (both moral and Old Testament law)? Explain your answer.
What were the main points of this chapter?
My thoughts on this chapter

# **Romans Chapter 4 Recap**

Where else in the Bible can we find this scripture, "Abraham believed God, and it was credited to him as righteousness?" Briefly explain its original context.
We know that faith without works is dead. So, what is the difference then, between work replacing one's faith, and faith generating good work? Also see James 2:14-26.
Abraham's faith was credited to him as righteousness. Was this before or after he was circumcised? And what does circumcision signify?
What is the definition of faith?
What Psalm does Paul quote in this chapter?
Who is Abraham the father of?
What was the hope against all hope that Abraham believed in?

What good is it if someone keeps the law, but lacks faith? In the same way, what good is a moral man without faith?
How does Paul describe God in verse 17?
What were the main points of this chapter?
My thoughts on this chapter



#### **WEEK TWO**

#### WATCH SECTION OVERVIEW VIDEO READ THROUGH ROMANS 5-8 DIG DEEPER USING THE CHAPTER RECAPS

#### **Romans Chapter 5 Recap**

How has Jesus given us access to God?
How can suffering work for our good?
How did God demonstrate His love to us?
What is the definition of justification?
Did sin exist before the law?
How did death enter the world?

What does verse 14 mean?
How was the judgment of death different from the gift of grace?
For what purpose was the law introduced? Who was it supposed to point the person to?
What were the main points of this chapter?
My thoughts on this chapter

# **Romans Chapter 6 Recap**

If we're saved by grace, should we then go on sinning? Why or why not?
What does 1 John 3:4-6 tell us about those who continue to sin?
What does it mean to be baptized into Christ's death?
What is the difference between being tempted, and letting sin reign over your body and mind?
Are Christians still under the law?
What is a servant or slave of sin?
What is a servant or slave of righteousness?

What is the fruit of the righteousness, better known as the fruit of the Spirit? See Galatians 5:22-23.
Adam died 930 years after he sinned. How do we reckon this with Genesis 2:17? Also compare Romans 6:23.
What were the main points of this chapter?
My thoughts on this chapter

# **Romans Chapter 7 Recap**

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There's a definite struggle between our sinful nature, and our spiritual nature, but the key to victory is not found within ourselves. Where does Paul say it comes from?				
What are four ways we can strengthen our walk and prepare ourselves for temptation? Psalm 119:11:				
James 4:7:				
1 Peter 5:8-9:				
Philippians 4:5:				
What were the main points of this chapter?				
My thoughts on this chapter				

# **Romans Chapter 8 Recap**

What does condemnation mean? What does Paul mean in verse one when he says those who are "in" Christ Jesus?				
What has set us free from the law of sin and death?				
Paul says that the law was "weak through the flesh." What does that mean?				
What is the difference between a "fleshly" minded person and a "spiritually" minded one?				
In verse 5, Paul talks about having minds set on things of the flesh or minds set on things of the Spirit. The original Greek word in that text is phroneo (Strong's G5426). Can you find Strong's definition of that word?				
How can one exercise their heart to be mindful of the Spirit? Can you think of a Bible verse for this?				
Verse 13 tells us to "put to death the deeds of the body." Compare this with Romans 12:1-2. What does this look like in a believer's life?				



#### **WEEK THREE**

#### WATCH SECTION OVERVIEW VIDEO READ THROUGH ROMANS 9-11 DIG DEEPER USING THE CHAPTER RECAPS

## **Romans Chapter 9 Recap**

What was the source of Paul's sorrow?
Verse 4 and 5 sum up many of the blessings that were handed to the Israelites. Can you list them?
Who is considered Abraham's offspring?
How does God choose His people? What are His choices dependent upon?
If Israel failed to believe in the Messiah, did God's promise to Abraham fail?

What is Paul's answer to those who question or disagree with God's sovereign choice?
Can you think of an example from scripture where God was patient with the object of His wrath? How did He use this situation to display His riches and glory?
What is the stumbling stone that Paul is talking about at the end of the chapter?
How did Israel miss the mark that leads to righteousness?
What were the main points of this chapter?
My thoughts on this chapter

# **Romans Chapter 10 Recap**

In what 3 ways was the Israelites zeal misplaced?				
What is the difference between righteousness by the law and righteousness by faith?				
Some might think that the law was plan A and Jesus plan B. Explain why this isn't the case.				
What does it mean to submit to God's righteousness?				
What must one do to be saved?				
What does "believing in your heart" mean?				
How does the Word of God work to increase one's faith?				

Why is the spread of the gospel so important to Paul?				
What is the difference between believing in Jesus and having faith in Jesus?				
What were the main points of this chapter?				
My thoughts on this chapter				

## **Romans Chapter 11 Recap**

Has God cast away the Israelites? What evidence do you have to support your answer?
In verse 7 Paul writes, "Israel did not find what is was looking for, but the elect did find it. The rest were hardened," What were they seeking?
What is the definition of grace in the context that Paul is using it here?
Paul tells us to pay attention to two things in verse 22. Why are each of these important?
A remnant of Israel was chosen by God to partake in His grace. What did the others receive?
Many Jews had a false sense of security that led to destruction. What was it based on

What was God's purpose in allowing Israel to stumble?  How can the inclusion of the Gentiles be a benefit to the Israelites?				
What were the main points of this chapter?				
My thoughts on this chapter				



#### **WEEK FOUR**

#### WATCH SECTION OVERVIEW VIDEO READ THROUGH ROMANS 12-16 DIG DEEPER USING THE CHAPTER RECAPS

## **Romans Chapter 12 Recap**

What does Paul say is our true worship?
What is a living sacrifice?
What kind of transformation is Paul talking about in verse 2? And, how can we go
about doing this, or does the Holy Spirit do this?
What are some of your gifts? How are they different from those around you?
What does verse 8 teach us about using our gifts?
What does Paul say about living peaceably with others?

What are the commandment	ts we find in verse 9-	-21?	
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# **Romans Chapter 13 Recap**

What 3 things does Paul teach us about authority in this chapter?
What does 1 Timothy 2:1-3 teach us about living peaceably?
What does Paul say about those who resist authority?
What if the law of the land contradicts God? Would that be an exception? If so, why? See Acts 4:18-20 and Acts 5:27-29.
What are two other examples from the Bible of civil disobedience by faithful men or women of God? (Where obedience to the law meant disobedience to God.)
Some leaders are good while others are bad. Name two or three sinful leaders from the Bible that God used to fulfill His mission.

Should Christians pay taxes? Why or why not?
How does love fulfill the law?
What warning does Paul give us at the end of this chapter?
What were the main points of this chapter?
My thoughts on this chapter

# **Romans Chapter 14 Recap**

What are some reasons a believer might be weak in their faith?
What does this chapter teach us about judging each other?
What is the difference between 'judging un-righteously' and 'speaking the truth in love'?
Is our freedom an excuse to sin? Or is Paul talking about something else here?
How does this judgment differ from 1 Corinthians 9-12? Or does it?
What is the difference between rebellion against God and being weak in the faith?
What three things will happen when we stand before the judgment seat of God? See also 1 Corinthians 3:12-15.

As a believer, we have the freedom to eat and drink in a way that is pleasing to God How might this freedom become a stumbling block to others?
What can we learn about the way that Paul exercises his freedom in 1 Corinthians 9:19-23?
What were the main points of this chapter?
My thoughts on this chapter

# **Romans Chapter 15 Recap**

The word "bear" found in verse 1, "bear the weaknesses of those without strength" was translated from the Greek word "bastazo" (Strong's G941). Can you find the definition of that word?
What is the difference between being accepting of sin and bearing with someone's failures?
We live in a self-centered world in which we're constantly fed the idea that we're number one, and should put ourselves first. Can you think of any examples of this?
How do Paul's words go against this mainstream philosophy?
What example did Jesus give us to live by? See Philippians 2:5-11.
What is the purpose of unity in Christ?

What was Paul's mission?
At this point in time, Paul hadn't gone to visit the Christians in Rome yet. Under what circumstances does he finally arrive there? See Acts 28:11-16
What were the main points of this chapter?
My thoughts on this chapter

# **Romans Chapter 16 Recap**

Who was Phoebe? What does Paul's mention of her do for women in the church?
The word "servant/deacon" found in verse 1 was translated from the Greek word "diakonos" (Strong's G1249). Can you find the definition of that word?
Where did Paul meet Priscilla and Aquila, and what occupation did they have in common with Paul? See Acts 18:1-4.
Who does Paul warn the Romans to watch out for and keep away from?
How were they deceiving people?
In what area did Paul want the Romans to exercise wisdom? See verse 19.
What does Revelation 20:1-3 reveal about the fate of Satan and his deceitfulness?

What was the mystery that was kept secret since the world began?
What were the main points of this chapter?
My thoughts on this chapter